He who enjoys servicing serves best.....
TEL AVIV • JERUSALEM • HAIFA

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JERUSALEM'S
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Marginal Column

By ZEEV LAQUEUR

THE cold front from Geneva has reached the Western capitals; the "Geneva spirit" has become something of a joke, and a bitter joke at that. London is gloomy just now, what with the new budget and the fog about which everything possible was said by Dickens on page one of "Bleak House," and the November weather in general. Paris somehow is in a more cheerful mood: French television may be far behind the British, but otherwise it has still to offer far more distraction on many levels to both the visitor and the resident. There is no fog and people still sit in front of the boulevard cafes, and they stand in a queue for several blocks to get into René Clair's new film: "Les Grandes Manoeuvres." It is really a trifle which takes one back to a provincial city and the pre-1914 atmosphere: An army lieutenant seduces a young Parisian woman as a matter of sport, so to say, but there are unforeseen complications. It was shown by René Clair to a Moscow public recently and was widely acclaimed there. The choice was violently criticized by a Paris daily of the left which argued that the film was apt to affirm all the existing prejudices about France abroad. Next door on the Champs Elysees "Marty," a much better film, is shown to a public of about 30 persons, which shows that film producers are quite correct in their assumption that viewers long for 1910, not 1955.

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AMERICAN strip tease has conquered the music halls and cabarets to the great chagrin of the local patrons who dislike these outlandish inventions. They say it is not in the European tradition to strip in order to tease. But then there are two schools of historians who claim that the strip tease is really a Parisian invention (to disregard such famous predecessors as the Byzantine empress Theodora). One school maintains that American strip tease was first practised in Paris in February 1893 at the Bal des Quat'Z'arts, while others say that the date was 1894 and the place "Le divan Japonais." Possibly we shall never know the full truth.

●

AMONG the 30 or so pieces performed at present on the Paris stage two new plays have attracted more than ordinary attention. One is Jean Anouilh's new play "Ornifle" which has disappointed most viewers. It is the story of an elderly music hall song writer, a caricature of a Don Juan, and it is, as most critics have remarked, a dramatic portrait; as a play it comes never quite off. The other piece is Pagnol's "Judas" performed in the "Theatre de Paris" which happens now to be the newest, biggest and most expensive of the great showplaces. It is an attempt at a revalustion of the well known story. Judas is described as the victim of a terrible misunderstanding, who had received an order to betray his master. Judas thus becomes a "positive hero," as the Soviet literary critics would say. The line of argument is not an original one and the church has never been very enthusiastic about it.

●

TWO new "Immortals" have been created in recent weeks and their reception in the Academie Francaise has on each occasion been a major social and cultural event. M. Jean Cocteau's speech was broadcast by the French Radio though it took several hours, and the address of M. Albert-Buisson has just been published as a special four-page supplement to "Le Monde." It could scarcely happen in any other country and shows how deeply rooted is traditional respect for learning and artistic achievement still in France. Albert-Buisson is not known so much as a writer in his own right (though he has published several biographies) as he is as a capable administrator, and his election has provoked some discussion. But Leon Berard, who officially welcomed him, rightly noted that out of the 500 "Immortals" that were or are members of the Academie not more than 30 are really remembered today as writers or artists: Eight or nine from the 17th (the classical) century, six or seven from the 18th, and perhaps 15 who were member during the 19th century. The main task of the Academie Francaise is to take care that the purity of the language is preserved (a glorified *Va'ad Halashon*) and the immortals fulfil their function with great conscientiousness, in great detail and at a snail's pace, for each few years they deal with one letter of the alphabet.

Paris, November 1955.

'QUAKE NEAR KURILES

PASADENA, Wednesday (Reuter). — A major earthquake centred near the northern end of the Kurile Islands, north west of Japan, was recorded last night at the California Institute of Technology.

French Submit Compromise Plan On Arms Cuts

NEW YORK, Wednesday (Reuter). — France today put forward three principles for resolving the long-deadlocked issue of world disarmament, but refused to elaborate on the plan as "the time is not ripe."

The former Defence Minister, M. Jules Moch, put principles to the U.N. Disarmament Commission which was considering a report from its five-nation subcommittee.

The three principles were: no control without disarmament, no disarmament without control, but, progressively, all disarmament that can be currently controlled.

M. Moch said an overall plan based on his three principles should, as it unfolded, be guided by the succession of measures provided for both in the Anglo-French plan of April 19 and the Soviet proposals of May 10. But the two stages in the implementation of the disarmament programme would be preceded by a preparatory stage in which the first elements of control would be set up and the procedures suggested in Geneva by the Heads of Government would go into operation.

"The Eisenhower, Eden and Faure plans would thus be integrated into a general course of action," he said. "We would resign ourselves, moreover, to renouncing temporarily the destruction of atomic stocks already constituted because of the impossibility of control, and would instead prohibit their use."

The plan would be supplemented by two other measures:

Prohibition of national atomic test explosions for military purposes while permitting — under dual international control, scientific and political — tests designed to develop the peaceful uses of the atom, and

The holding of periodic scientific conferences to search for methods of detecting stocks, with a view to destroying them as soon as the method had been discovered.

As far as production of nuclear weapons was concerned after institution of control, "we believe that a permanent inspection of all the major reactors, the number of which will increase rapidly in the near future, will make it possible to prevent both their use for military purposes and the purification to the necessary degree of by-products, as well as the secret loading of bombs," M. Moch said.

Widespread Acts Of Terror in Cyprus

NICOSIA, Wednesday (Reuter). — Greek Cypriot terrorists today blew up a bridge on a main road out of Cyprus and lobbed bombs at the homes of three British officers during renewed disturbances throughout the island.

Ten prominent Greek Cypriots were detained at dawn at the southwestern port of Limassol. Among them were two members of the Ethnarchy Council of the Greek Orthodox Church, the nerve-centre of the campaign for Enosis — union with Greece.

Students stoned British cars in Famagusta in demonstrations against the closure of two schools for staging strikes. British troops used tear-gas to quell student rioters in Nicosia, the capital.

Agnes Thimopoulus, a 30-year-old Greek Cypriot woman, died today of wounds she received last night when terrorists threw a grenade into a Nicosia bar. A British soldier was also wounded.

The bridge blown up by terrorists linked Nicosia with towns south west of the capital. Communications were cut and a water pipe feeding two villages was damaged.

Bombs were thrown at the houses of two British officers in Famagusta and another in Larnaca. One bomb failed to explode and the other two caused only slight damage. There were no casualties.

A NAAFI (armed forces) canteen in Famagusta was stoned by students.

Leader of Persian Islam Sect Held

TEHERAN, Wednesday (Reuter) Navvab Safavi, leader of an extremist Moslem sect accused of instigating the recent attempt on the life of Prime Minister Hussein Ala, was arrested today.

His sect, Fedayan Islam (Devotees of Islam), insists on the strictest interpretation of Islamic laws and opposes Western influences. A supporter of the sect assassinated General Ali Razmara, a former Premier, in 1951.



Fire Brigade truck was caught and nearly turned over by flood waters in Jerusalem yesterday while on its way to pump out cellars and ground floor apartments. More than 200 emergency calls were received during the day from frantic tenants.

—Photo by Hirshbein.

Traffic Disrupted in Jerusalem As Heavy Rains Drench Country

Jerusalem Post Staff

Driven by high winds which at times reached gale force rains fell throughout the country from northern Galilee to the Negev, on Tuesday night, and continued yesterday. The heaviest rainfall occurred in Jerusalem, where floods disrupted traffic and swamped cellars, but the Tel Aviv area which suffered most in the first heavy downpour of the season a fortnight ago, was spared further distress.

According to the weather forecast, the rains will be lighter today, with isolated showers, but the temperature is expected to drop due to a current of cold air which is entering the region from Central Europe. Thermometres should be from two to four degrees lower than the average for this season.

The Meteorological Service reports that 75 millimetres of rain fell in Jerusalem yesterday, 59 mm. in Hatsor (near Gedera), 31 in Natanya, 31 at Ekron, six in Tel Aviv and four in Haifa.

Capital Hard Hit

Torrential rains, punctuated by thunder and lightning and often accompanied by stinging hail, poured down upon Jerusalem all day, flooding basements and causing frequent breaks in the power supply. The water was 40-60 cms. deep in places.

The Fire Brigade received more than 200 emergency calls to pump water out of cellars and basement apartments. The Brigade, as well as the Police units led by Mr. David Wilk, Assistant Superintendent of Police, and the entire staff of the Jerusalem Municipality, were alerted and rushed from spot to spot to extend aid. Mayor Gershon Agron, called an emergency meeting of the management to mobilize the Municipal staff. Mr. Mordechai Ish-Shalom, Deputy Mayor, toured the city to see where help was most needed.

The Jerusalem-Tel Aviv road was open at all times.

The low-lying areas, such as Beit Israel, parts of Katamon, and Rehov Mamilla, were hit most severely. In the Mamilla area, which lies near the Old City wall, nearly every basement was flooded. Most of the householders did not even call the Fire Brigade, preferring to bail out the water themselves with buckets, pots and even frying pans, as they tearfully watched their household goods float around, often down the street.

The Municipality evacuated 62 persons from this area and Katamon, putting them up in hotels for the night.

Many of the flooded-out families blamed the Municipality for their misfortune, claiming that the water flowing through the drainage pipes leading to the Mamilla Pool, which is being cleaned, had been diverted to their quarters so that work in the Pool could continue. But they praised the efforts of the Municipality, and especially those of Mr. Wilk, in extending aid.

Magen David Adom received a call from an apartment in Rehov Mamilla that a woman was drowning in a cellar apartment. When the ambulance arrived, the attendant found a sick woman in bed in a room which was slowly filling with water. She was taken to hospital.

Darkness at Noon

During the morning hours, electricity cuts were frequent as cables were damaged by lightning and the electric company cut the power to certain quarters to prevent short circuits. At 1 p.m., a flash of lightning hit the wires leading from the transformer in Beit Hakerem which distributes 16,000 kilowatts to the city from the coastal plain. The city was thrown into darkness for, despite the hour, artificial lighting was necessary.

The power station in the German Colony, which has a capacity of 7,500 kilowatts, was activated. Even with the 3,000 kilowatts received from the auxiliary line from the coast, the city still lacked several thousand kilowatts. During the evening, several quarters were without lights. The electricity company personnel worked throughout the night and it was hoped that by this morning the situation would be normal.

Sheets of Water

The rain came down from the lead-coloured sky in long, strong showers, frequently giving the impression of solid sheets of water. From 9 to 11 a.m., 29.8 mm. fell, while from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. there were 23.2 mm. In the afternoon, from 1 to 5 p.m., when the rain had slackened somewhat, only 28 mm. fell.

At several places, the roads were covered with knee-deep pools and generally, the gutters were roaring streams, with only a narrow strip of road visible in the middle. In several places, silt almost two inches deep piled up near the drains.

Passage was frequently impossible for short periods at Zion Square and the corner of King George Avenue and Jaffa Road.

Pedestrians often walked hundreds of yards to find a suitable place to ford the streets without getting their feet soaked. Those of more athletic temperament, tried flying leaps, often disastrously, while others, more prudent, built stone fords.

Near Mandelbaum Gate a U.N. jeep was stuck hub-deep in water. Other U.N. and consular cars detoured this spot on leaving or entering Israel.

A pitful sight was the newsboys, hopping from doorway to doorway trying to sell their papers to pedestrians seeking shelter, or running along the almost deserted streets, competing fiercely for each lone customer who frequently refused to stand still long enough to find small change.

Taxi drivers did thriving business, with their best day since the elections.

Many young children took advantage of the infrequent breaks in the rain to run out and sail their toy boats down the swirling gutters.

During Tuesday evening, the weather became cold on the coast in contrast to the summery evenings experienced since the previous floods and, by eight o'clock yesterday morning, more than 15 mm. of rain had been registered in Tel Aviv. The heaviest

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 1)

Amman Has Worst Flood in 30 Years

AMMAN, Wednesday (Reuter). — One person was killed and two seriously injured today when heavy rains caused the worst flood in 30 years in many parts of the city today. Fifteen houses collapsed and main roads into the city were rendered impassable.

Israel Protesting To U.N. Over Egyptian Attacks

Israel is protesting to the U.N. Security Council on recent Egyptian aggressions, the Foreign Ministry spokesman said yesterday.

The "strong protest" is designed "to draw the attention of the Council members to the unbroken chain of attacks by regular Egyptian army forces against Israel military outposts, and the dispatch by the Egyptians of raiders from Egyptian — and Jordan — controlled territory against the civilian population of Israel."

The announcement that the Israel delegation at the U.N. was instructed to deliver the protest to the Security Council's President came after automatic and mortar fire was opened from an Egyptian army position against an Israel post in the Be'eri area.

The Foreign Ministry spokesman added that the Egyptians' campaign of violence was apparently based on a considered policy of keeping up tension along the border in order to "pave the way for more drastic military operations against Israel in the future."

"Against this background it was not difficult to understand Egypt's rejection of the Hammarskjold-Burns plan for settling the Nitzana problem and her continued concentration of forces in the Abu Augeila-El Kuseima area and in the Gaza Strip in violation of the General Armistice Agreement," the spokesman concluded.

Egyptians Fire On Israel Army Patrol

An Egyptian position opened fire yesterday on an Army patrol on Israel territory, the Army spokesman announced last night. There were no casualties.

On Tuesday afternoon, a flock crossed the border from Jordan east of Bet Nehemia, the spokesman added. When an Army patrol approached, it was fired upon. The fire was returned, and the shepherds fled with their flock across the demarcation line into Jordan. Our unit suffered no casualties.

No Plans at Present For Eden-Ike Talks

LONDON, Wednesday.—Sources close to Sir Anthony Eden said today that they had no knowledge of any plans at present for him to meet President Eisenhower. No approach had been made from either side of the Atlantic for such a meeting, it was pointed out.

They were commenting on reports both here and overseas that the Prime Minister might go to Washington srortly for discussions with the President on world affairs.

While not ruling out such a visit at some future time, Parliamentary quarters said today that they believed any trip by Sir Anthony to Washington would be deferred until it was certain that President Eisenhower was sufficiently fit for the activities such top-level meetings invariably entail.

It is generally conceded that both statesmen, following the failure of the Geneva conference and the critical situation which has developed in the Middle East, would welcome the chance of private talks on world problems. These would be of special value if staged before the official visit to Britain next spring of Russia's top leaders, Marshal Bulganin and Mr. Nikita Khrushchev.

(Reuter, UP)

Floods Hinder Toy Fund

Contributions to *The Jerusalem Post* Toy Fund, which had been coming in apace during the first week which ends tomorrow, dropped yesterday, apparently because of the floods which kept donors indoors. The same floods kept indoors the children in the frontier settlements who have been promised dolls and other playthings for Hanukka.

A rainy, cold day in the house can be trying for a child without any toys, and even if the inclement weather continues for the remainder of the 17 days to Hanukka, they should not be forgotten.

You can always send your cash donations by mail if you cannot get to one of the accepting stations.

The Haifa Branch of the Israel Bridge Federation have found a way to beat the weather and contribute to the Fund. They have arranged a bridge tournament for Tuesday, November 29, and, of course, the proceeds are to go to the Fund.

Dutch Back Israel on Refugees

UNITED NATIONS, Wednesday (INA).—After 10 days of vicious badgering by Arab delegations in debates on the Arab refugee problem, enlivened only a week ago with the position taken by the U.S., Israel at last heard some warm, friendly words from the Dutch delegate, Dr. J. J. de Kadt.

He told the Special Political Committee of the General Assembly that his country backed the Israel stand on the issue, criticised the Arab position, and rejected outright the proposal by Syria to create a U.N. commission to study the problem anew.

He declared that "we are not responsible for the war on Israel by the Arab states from which the refugee problem sprang," and that it was impossible to support the Syrian plan which means putting "Israel's mortal enemies" within her territory.

Mr. F. H. Corner of New Zealand, meanwhile, warned Israel and the Arab states to settle their dispute over the refugees, because "money has been going for a programme that is no closer to solution than when it began."

Cabinet Approves 3 Special Budgets Totalling IL161m.

Tax Income Exceeding Estimates

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Three budgets, a supplementary "Autumn" one of IL.113m., and two Special ones, providing for the expenditure of the estimated IL.23m. income of the Defence Fund and for the purchase of the Palestine Electric Corporation Shares, for IL.23.5m., were approved by the Cabinet yesterday. All three budgets are to be tabled in the Knesset next week.

No additional direct taxes are included in the Autumn Budget and all indirect taxes, such as those on building materials and higher duties on luxury goods, alcoholic drinks and tobacco, were announced three months ago. The Defence Fund's income is being financed, as is known, from voluntary contributions, while internal and external loans were floated to raise money to buy the Palestine Electric shares.

There is no assurance that even the supplementary Autumn Budget will abolish the need for deficit financing the Government spokesman said late yesterday. However, he hoped that there would be no need to resort to this type of planning.

Changes Said Inevitable

Changes in the Budget are inevitable in a country which faces economic uncertainties, he added.

Some of the sums mentioned in the Budget have already been expended, especially for housing. This was obvious from the Government's statement of accounts for the first six months of the present fiscal year.

The Autumn Budget allows for IL21m. to be raised in income tax, but this is expected to come from higher returns on increased salaries which were not foreseen at the beginning of the year. The budget makes no provision for additional income tax which may come about if salaries continue to rise in line with the demands of the trade unions.

A sum of IL.22m. is to come from custom duties on imports, which were larger than expected, and from higher import duties on goods and luxury foods. Of the IL.11.5m. to be raised to facilitate immigration from North Africa, higher excise duties on cement will provide IL8m. while those on tobacco, alcoholic beverages and tires will provide another IL3.5m. The IL9.3m. to be received in purchase tax is a direct result of increased consumption.

Higher Travel Tax Income

Since more persons went abroad than predicted, an additional IL500,000 will be derived from the travel tax while revenue stamps will bring in IL1m.

The Government, however, overestimated the income from licence fees by IL2.5m. This sum is now being deducted.

A sum of IL9m. has been deducted from the Ordinary Budget and transferred to the Development Budget for housing projects.

Added revenue from the Ministries of Posts and Transport will bring in IL2,065,000.

The IL3.1m. mentioned as being transferred from other authorities includes added income tax (IL1.5m.) going for education and IL465,000 in purchase tax for municipal councils.

The Ministry of Posts expects IL3m. from increased sale of stamps and services and does not contemplate any major change in its tariffs. The Ministry of Transport foresees an additional IL2.5m. revenue from harbour services.

The Development Budget, which balances at IL.46m., shows the main source of revenue as IL.23m., to be received from the

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 3)

Soviet Envoy in Cairo Visits League Chiefs

CAIRO, Wednesday (UP). — The Soviet Ambassador, Mr. Daniel Solod, today paid his first visit to the Secretariat-General of the Arab League and conferred for two hours with top officials there.

As he left, Mr. Solod told newsmen he discussed "current Arab affairs" with the League's Assistant Secretary-General, Raif Bellama, and the chief of its Economic Department, Abdul Munim Mustafa.

Bellama said Mr. Solod inquired about the Arab attitude toward proposals for settlement of Mid-East problems made by the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dulles, and the British Prime Minister, Sir Anthony Eden.

Arabs Consulting

"We told the Ambassador," Bellama said, "that the Arab states are consulting with each other over these proposals." He added that Mr. Solod also was briefed, at his request, on various trouble spots on the Arabian peninsula, including the Buraimi oasis, the Aden protectorates and Oman.

An Arab spokesman later said he gained the "impression" that Russia "sympathizes with the Arabs on the Palestine question and backs the Arab stand against Jewish aggression," Cairo Radio reported last night.

The Arab News Agency reported from Cairo yesterday that the date and place for a meeting of the Arab League Political Committee to discuss the Eden proposals is now the subject of a controversy among the eight member states. Iraq heads the group which wants a meeting in Cairo, while another faction insists on Damascus as the meeting place.

Macmillan in Beirut To Woo Lebanon

BEIRUT, Wednesday (UP).—The British Foreign Secretary Mr. Harold Macmillan, flew from Baghdad today on a mission to invite Lebanon into the "northern tier" defence line.

Mr. Macmillan earlier said it was "likely" that he would point out to the Lebanese President, Camille Chamoun, the economic advantages Lebanon would get if it joined the Baghdad pact, whose inaugural meeting ended in Baghdad yesterday.

Mr. Macmillan said in a speech to the conference that some Arab nations not in the pact might be interested in its economic benefits, although they would be hesitant of making political and military commitments.

Present members of the pact are Iran, Iraq, Pakistan, Turkey and Britain.

Cabinet Crisis Brews

Meanwhile, a Cabinet crisis brewed in the Lebanon today over the issue of a defence pact with Syria. Premier Rashid Karameh disclosed his intention to resign while Finance Minister Emir Jamir Shihab has already submitted his resignation. Karameh told his close associates that he planned to step down after King Hussein's current visit. He had favoured a bilateral pact along the lines of the Cairo-Damascus treaty.

Mr. Waldemar Gallman, U.S. Ambassador to Iraq, who acted as observer at the Baghdad conference, said today that the U.S. will not join the Northern Tier defence alliance "under present conditions," but does not rule out such action in the future.

The announcement, made in a statement to the press, did not specify the "existing conditions" to which he referred but explained that the U.S. "believes it may be able to contribute more at the moment by remaining outside the pact."

In Baghdad, meanwhile, authoritative British sources said that prospects for an Israel-Arab settlement are brighter now than for a long time following the inaugural meeting here of the Baghdad Pact Council. But it was admitted that the Israel mood was less discernible.

One key British figure here said that on the Arab side, at least, indications were mounting that they felt the need for permanent settlement of what he described as "this running sore in the Middle East."

Intra-Party Rifts On Wage Freeze

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — Discussions on the national wage policy have been proceeding within both the Histadrut and Mapai, to prepare the way for the second meeting between members of the Ministerial Economic Committee who belong to Histadrut parties and the Histadrut Central Committee. The meeting, which was scheduled for tomorrow, has been postponed until the beginning of next week because of the illness of the Prime Minister.

The demand to maintain the wage freeze, made recently by the Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, because of the danger of inflation, has been met with the differences of opinion both between the parties and within them. At a Mapai meeting held here yesterday, a number of speakers, including some trade union leaders, declared that there could only be a general wage freeze if those groups which had already been granted increases would forfeit them. However, the general opinion was that it would be extremely difficult to turn the clock back and to cancel the awards granted to the professions.

Compromises Suggested

A number of compromise suggestions were raised including one to grant general increases in gradual steps, ranging from five to 15 per cent, and another to limit to 33 per cent those increases already granted, while imposing a wage freeze on all other categories of workers.

It was also suggested that the cost-of-living index be calculated every four months instead of the present three, and that the c-o-l allowance be increased on every five points it rises instead of three.

Ahdut Ha'avoda and Mapam have taken a firm stand against a general wage freeze, but it is hoped that a compromise proposal will be found to meet the approval of the three parties. This also applies to the Ahdut Ha'avoda and Mapam Ministers.

Ha'oved Hazioni, the Progressive faction within the Histadrut, in line with the Progressive Party has strongly opposed any withdrawal of pay increases already granted to the professions.

After a three-hour debate tonight, the Executive of the Ha'oved Hazioni decided to instruct its Secretariat to formulate proposals on wage policy, and to present them to the Executive.

B.G. Continues Recovery

The condition of Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion, who was taken ill early this week with influenza, continued to improve yesterday. He had no fever, but is still confined to bed.

Mrs. Golda Myerson, Acting Foreign Minister and Minister of Labour, is expected back at work today, after a slight indisposition yesterday. She cancelled a meeting due to have been held yesterday in Tel Aviv with representatives of the Farmers Federation to discuss wage claims.

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First Things First
by Eliezer Livnah
Aims of Israel Foreign Policy
in this week's
HERE & NOW


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Social & Personal

Thirty members of the Jerusalem consular corps and their families visited Sdom yesterday. On their way back, they visited the Hiss Hostel in Beersheba and were received by the District Commissioner, Mr. J. Vardimon.

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ARRIVALS: Mr. Mordechai Halevy, Deputy President of the U.S. Hebrew Federation and Director of Hebrew Education in Philadelphia, and Mrs. Halevy, to settle here; Miss O. Young, vocational training expert, from Istanbul, for a four-month stay to advise the Vocational Training Department of the Ministry of Labour; Mr. I. Frishman, Haifa contractor of joint Israel-Turkish building enterprises, now constructing houses on order from the Turkish Government, from Istanbul.

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M. M. Gilead, Director of the Meteorological Services, is to address the Tel Aviv-Jaffa Rotary Club on Meteorology in Its International Aspects, at ZOA House, at 1.15 p.m. today.

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The lecture by Dr. Gregory Pincus, Director of Laboratories at the Worcester Foundation for Experimental Biology, Shrewsbury, Mass., which was due to take place on Sunday, November 27, at the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School, has been cancelled.

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BIRTHS

COHEN — To Blanche (nee Schneider) and Dr. Bernard Cohen on November 21, 1955, at the Assuta Hospital, Tel Aviv — a son.

HILB — To Vita (nee Levy) and Gad Hilb on November 18, 1955, at the Elisha Hospital, Haifa — a daughter, sister to Irit and Gidon.

SMITH — To Emma and Herbert Smith on November 20 at Misgav Ladach Hospital, Jerusalem — a son, brother to Yoav.

'Kol Yisrael Must Have Better J'lem Station'

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — If Kol Yisrael wishes to do its job properly, its prime need is a well-equipped control broadcasting station in Jerusalem. There also seems to be scope for improvement in presentation and execution of many of its current features. New records are also necessary.

These were a few of the impressions of Mr. W. O. Galbraith, Director of the Latin American broadcasts of the B.B.C., after studying Kol Yisrael for the past three weeks on behalf of UNESCO. Mr. Galbraith was answering newsmen's questions at Kol Yisrael's studios here today. A full report with recommendations will be presented by Mr. Galbraith in two months' time, on completion of his survey of Israel broadcasting facilities, which include Kol Zion Lagola and Galei Zahal.

Mr. Galbraith said that he would favour a public service corporation status for broadcasting in Israel; commercial broadcasting, while very good in some countries, is not likely to succeed here because of lack of sponsorship. Moreover, the tasks set by this country's Government made a publicly-controlled radio preferable.

Kol Yisrael was "trying to put too much in one programme," Mr. Galbraith said. It "sold" listeners programmes which would go on separate networks in the B.B.C., for instance: light, home, third or overseas. The "small colonial station," which was the Palestine Broadcasting Station before the establishment of the State, was completely underequipped for the tasks which Kol Yisrael has set for itself. The broadcasts, the British expert said, "have some very good features," including the relaying of I.P.O. concerts, but "the bread and butter might be of a better quality."

Mr. Galbraith expressed his surprise at the lack of a weekly radio magazine.

AUSTRIA 2, WALES 1

WREXHAM, Wales, Wednesday (UP). — Austria beat Wales by two goals to one in an international soccer match here today. All the goals were scored in the first half. Half-time score was Wales one, Austria two.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

At 3.30, 6.30 and 8.30 p.m.

ARMON: Cattle Drive.
EDEN: Seven Brides for Seven Brothers, 2nd Week.
EDISON: Two Pennyworth of Hope.
ORGIL: Barefoot Contessa.
STUDIO: Sister Carrie.
ORION: Daddy Long Legs, 2nd week.
ORNA: That Lady.
RON: The Woman of Rome.
ZION HALL: On the Waterfront.
TEL OR: "Les Loups Chassent la Nuit."

TEL AVIV

At 3.30, 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

ALLENBY: Desiree, 8th week.
ARMON DAVID: "Le Rouge et le Noir," 6th week.
CHEN: Mandy, 3rd week.
EDEN: Johnny Guitar.
ESTHER: The Prodigal, 2nd week.
MIGDALOR: O.K. Nerone.
MOGRABI: Vera Cruz.
OPHIR: French Cancan, 2nd week.
ORION: A Star is Born, 2nd week.
SHDEROT: Melba.
TAMAR: Marty, 5th week. Matinees: New Mexico, continuous from 9.45 a.m. Last show at 3.45 p.m.
TCHELET: "Les Amants du Tage." Matinees: The Thief of Baghdad
TABOR: Flight to Tangier.
ZAMIR: Dance Little Lady, 4th week

HAIFA

MAY: Sins of Pompeii.
PEER: Purple Plain.
GAL OR: Meet Mr. Wilson. Matinees: The House of Wax.
ORAH: Turn the Key Softly.
AMPHITHEATRE: How To Be Very, Very Popular.
EN DOR: Return to Paradise.
ORLY: Girls of Pleasure Island.
ARMON: Rear Window, 2nd week.
MORIAH: Kiss me Kate.
ORION: Beachhead.
ATZMON: Rose Marie, 3rd week.

'Moulin Rouge'

A Novel or...?

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post November 24, 1955

In the Supreme Court Sitting As Court of Civil Appeals

Before the President (Justice Olshan), Justices Berinson and Witkon

Members of the Valero Family, Appellants, v. The Jerusalem Municipality, Respondents (C.A. 27/54, 35/54 37/54).

The Supreme Court dismissed three consolidated appeals against a judgment of the Jerusalem District Court delivered on December 27, 1953.

In March, 1952, the Jerusalem Municipality announced its intention of acquiring certain plots of land owned by various members of the Valero family. In November, 1952, the Municipality withdrew from the acquisition of this land. In three separate actions the Valero family claimed that they were entitled to compensation under the terms of section 14 (2) of the Land (Acquisition for Public Purposes) Ordinance, 1943, which states:

Where the High Commissioner withdraws, either in whole or in part, from the acquisition of any land, the owner of such land and every person entitled to any right or interest in such land shall be entitled to receive from the High Commissioner all such costs as may have been incurred by him by reason or in consequence of the proceedings for acquisition, and compensation for damage, if any, which he may have sustained by reason or in consequence of the notice of intention to acquire such land given under section 5.

The claims were based on the fact that between the date when notice of the intention to acquire the land was given and that on which the Municipality withdrew from the acquisition, the price of land had dropped considerably.

The Jerusalem District Court dismissed the claims mainly on the ground that the damage sustained, as referred to in section 14 (2), included neither loss of profits nor potential damage.

In the three appeals against this decision, which were consolidated by the Supreme Court, Mr. Tepperburg, Mr. Valero and Mr. Shamir appeared for the appellants, Mrs. Nechmad for the Jerusalem Municipality.

Judgment

The Supreme Court delivered its decision in three separate judgments, in each of which the same conclusion was reached by a different process of reasoning.

Justice Witkon dealt firstly with the District Court's opinion that there is a difference between our law and the equivalent English Law — Acquisition of Land (Assessment of Compensation) Act, 1919 — which provides for compensation to be paid for all losses or costs sustained by the owner in consequence of the notice of acquisition having been given and withdrawn; whereas our law provides for compensation for losses sustained in consequence of the notice having been given only). He gave it as his considered opinion that the difference in the wording of the two laws had no significance whatsoever and could lead to no definite conclusion one way or the other.

Turning next to the appellants' contention that the "damage" referred to in section 14 (2) should be interpreted as being either equivalent to damage caused by breach of contract, or damage caused by an act in tort, Justice Witkon dismissed the comparison with a breach of contract as not being analogous, since in the case of a contract a definite price is fixed and if the contract is not carried out then the loss sustained by the seller is a real loss, which can be expressed by calculating the difference between the contract price and the market value at the time the breach occurred. In the present case, however, there had been no agreement with regard to price, and one could not infer a hypothetical agreement based on the market value of the land at the time of the acquisition notice. Whereas a real contract of sale creates an absolute right to receive consideration, in the case of acquisition of land the owners acquire only a contingent right to receive remuneration for their land, subject to the right of the competent authority to withdraw from the acquisition. There was, therefore, no analogy to be drawn between the present case and the laws of contract.

As for the attempt to seek redress by reference to the laws of tort, Justice Witkon pointed out that whereas in some specific cases of conversion claims for damage could be based on potential losses, there was no such rule with regard to trespass on land. Since this was the case with regard to a civil wrong, all the more so would there be no cause to give damages for the loss of potential profits in a case where the act had been perfectly legal — as was that of the Municipality — despite the fact that the Municipality had been guilty of deplorable haste in notifying their intention of acquiring the land before ascertaining whether they had the means to pay for it.

No Actual Damage

President Olshan agreed with the District Court that there was a difference between our law and the English law. The emphasis in our law on the damage incurred in consequence of the notice of acquisition and the absence of any reference to damage incurred by the withdrawal of this notice, was indicative at least of the lack of basis for the argument that the case under consideration could be compared with a breach of contract. On the appellant's own showing, the real cause of damage lay in the fact that potential buyers of the land under consideration had been frightened off by a decision of the Municipality not to give building licences for these particular plots, so that the subsequent notice of acquisition had not been

NO DAMAGE CAUSED BY WITHDRAWAL OF ACQUISITION ORDER

the main cause of loss.

After agreeing that there was no similarity between the present case and a claim in tort, the President pointed out that the law granted compensation for a legal act performed by a competent authority if, in consequence of this act, real — and not hypothetical — damage was caused to the owner of the land. Only if the appellants could have proved that they had concluded a deal prior to the notice of acquisition, which would have given them a higher price for their land than the market price on the day the acquisition was withdrawn, might they have been entitled to any compensation.

Effect of Withdrawal

Justice Berinson considered that there was no point in comparing the present case with a breach of contract or with a civil wrong, since both contained an element of illegality, whereas the withdrawal of the Municipality from the acquisition was perfectly lawful. The appellants could, therefore, base their claim only on the provisions of section 14 (2), under which they should have proved damage sustained by reason of, or in consequence of, the notice of acquisition. He attached importance to the difference between our law and that of England, but maintained that even if one were not to draw any conclusions from this difference, the wording of section 14 (2) itself was sufficient to indicate clearly and unambiguously that when the competent authority withdraws from the acquisition the land-owner is entitled to compensation only for actual (and not hypothetical) damages suffered in consequence of the notice of acquisition (in addition to any costs incurred by him).

Appeal dismissed. No costs awarded in view of the circumstances.

Judgment delivered on November 17, 1955.

J.C.T. Shareholders Getting IL5 for £1

TEL AVIV, Wednesday.—Following the proposed reduction of the capital of the Jewish Colonial Trust in London, almost all the shares of the British company will pass to the Israel company of "Otzar Hityashvut Hayehudim," and shareholders will receive IL5 worth of stock for every Pound sterling which they held in the 50-year-old Jewish Colonial Trust. Shareholders and creditors of the original company who object to the reduction of capital, or their representatives, are being asked to appear in court on December 5 to voice their objections.

It is understood that the tracing of shareholders of the Jewish Colonial Trust may involve a world-wide search, as many of them have moved several times from their original addresses and traces of some of them may have been lost entirely.

Joseph Ends Success Bond Tour in U.S.

Dr. Dov Joseph, M.K., former Minister of Development, is scheduled to arrive tonight at Lydda airport, after a four-week speaking mission for State of Israel Bonds in the U.S. and Canada. His American tour was described as "outstandingly successful" by an Israel Bond Organization spokesman in Jerusalem last night.

Dr. Joseph initiated a 40-day Bond selling campaign with a quota of $18m. This was done over a national telephone hook-up to 80 cities, with over 5,000 community leaders tuning in. Immediately afterwards, many communities informed the National Israel Bond Office that they were doubling their quotas, the Bond spokesman said.

Dr. Joseph visited over a dozen cities during the first part of his tour. His speeches caused directly an increase of from 25 to 350 per cent in amount of Bonds sold, as compared with expected sales. At his first eight meetings alone, over $2,200,000 in Bonds were subscribed.

Over 400 Immigrants Arrive in Negbah

HAIFA, Wednesday. — The s.s. Negbah arrived here this morning from Marseilles with 419 immigrants, mostly from Morocco, among its 512 passengers. Among the newcomers were 22 Argentinian, five British, and three Dutch youths.

Among the ship's passengers was Mr. Haim Lieberman, columnist for "Forward," the New York Yiddish daily (circulation 150,000). This is his first visit here since 1929. He is here on a special assignment for his paper to write three columns a week for about a year.

The 22 young immigrants from Argentina are of the Hashomer Hatzair movement and today joined the Nir Yitzhak and Revadim kibbutzim in the South. The five from the U.K., on completion of two years training at Thaxted, Essex, have come to settle at the Lavee and Shluchot kibbutzim. The group from Britain said that if hostilities broke out here, many more Jewish youth would take the ship for Israel as they did seven years ago.

Three Films Banned

Three films, one American and two French, have been banned by the Film Censorship Board on grounds of cruelty and "gangsterism." They are the "Rebellion of the Hanged," "Rififi" and "Les Impures."

LA PRENSA. — Mr. Alberto Gainza Paz, the former Editor of "La Prensa," the Buenos Aires newspaper seized by ex-President Peron in 1951, announced in New York that he was returning to Argentina from exile early next week.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
322, 249, 33.3 & 42.9 M.

News: Hebrew: 7 a.m., 1.30, 6.00, 6.15, 8.30 & 11.00 p.m. Arabic Programme (including News): 8 a.m., 3.15 & 6.30 p.m.

6.30 a.m. Service. 6.35 Exercise. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.15 Melodies (R). 9.00 Close Down.

12.00 N. Programme for Factory Workers (Haifa). 12.30 Housewives' Corner. 12.50 Requests (R). 1.45 Opera: Berlioz, Bizet, Delibes & Gounod. 2.30 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. Mifal Hapayis Draw. 4.15 Weekly Summary: Mishna Yomit. 4.30 Light Music (T.A.). 4.50 Where to Go (Jerusalem). 5.00 Mifal Ha'payis Draw. 5.15 Child's Corner. 5.30 Children's Hour. 7.00 Folklore. 7.05 "The Israel Industry." 7.15 Concert Hall: Franz Reitzenstein: Serenade; Svere Yondon: Suite on Norway Melodies. 8.15 Bible Reading. 8.45 The Knesset and its Committees. 9.15 Liszt: Piano Sonata in B-minor, played by Jaacov Shilo. 9.45 Sport Review. 9.55 Variety. 10.25 The "Kol-Yisrael" Orchestra. Conductor: Hanan Schlesinger. Soloist: Ruth Sharon. Works by Edel, P. Ben-Haim, Massenet, Donizetti, Verdi & Rossini. 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
487, 466, 225, 224, 42.9 & 33.3 M.

English News: 1.45, 10.15 p.m. French News: 2.00 p.m.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR (33.3, 34.9 & 469 M.): 6.15 p.m. Programme for Yemenites. 6.30 French. 7.00 Yiddish. 7.30 Ladino. 8.00 Turkish. 8.15 Persian. 8.30 Close Down. 8.45 Rumanian. 9.00 Hungarian. 9.15 Close Down.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.3 M.): (South Africa Programme): 6.30 p.m. News. 6.40 Newsreel. 6.50 "From the Zimria." 7.05 French transmission to listeners in Congo.

11.15 p.m. News. 11.25 Newsreel. 11.35 Paul Ben-Haim.

ARMY PROGRAMME (44.6, 218, 225 & 228 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Fantasy. 7.00 Songs. 7.30 Series of Programmes on Arab countries. 8.00 Musical Quiz. 8.30 News. 8.45 Classical Request Programme. 9.30 Dance Music. 10.00 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: (16.79, 19.42, 16.96, 25.15 M.): 7.30-8.00 p.m. News. News Talk. Week's Features.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Ben Yehuda, 7 Ben Yehuda, 2811. Wallach, 23 Hizkiyahu, 2942.

TEL AVIV: Marpe, 77 Allenby, 3487. Nordau, 189 Ben Yehuda, 23573. Bloch, 32 Bloch. Greenberg, 46 King George, 26208. JAFFA: Galenica, 19 Rehov 4, 83429. RAMAT GAN: Talpiot, 30 Hillel. GIVATAYIM: Briut, 9 Syrkin, 72093. HOLON: Ribek, Kikar Struma. PETAH TIKVA: Kubo, 3 Pinsker. HAIFA: Nathan, 31 Joseph, 2364. New Britain, 47 Jaffa. KIRYAT BIALIK: Bialik, 7280. SAFAD: Feldmann. NAHARIYA: Nahariya.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. L. Romanoff, 11 Arlosoroff, 61217. Dr. S. Greenwald, 22 Bin Nun, 62963. Dr. Y. Shore, 25 Rashi.

TEL AVIV: Dr. N.L. Sacher, 54 Sokolow, 26333. Dr. I. Griffel, 5 Ben Yehuda, 23496. Dr. M. Shaham, 1 Syrkin, 25843.

HAIFA: Dr. Eparon, 67 Herzl, 3577. Dr. Sherman, 3 Hanevi'im, 3434. Dr. Ludwig, 24 Shivat Zion, 67417.

BUSINESSMEN! and owners of factories etc. Watch the classified column when you need staff — or advertise your needs in the Situation Vacant column of this paper — it pays.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

Your Lunch and Dinner at Hesse's Restaurant, Jerusalem, Tel. 4130. Excellent food and service. Oldest establishment in Israel.

★ **Entertainment:—**
Spend a pleasant evening in a cosy atmosphere in the Bar of the KING DAVID HOTEL. At the piano: Bondy. Every Saturday: Tea Dance in the Main Lobby of the Hotel as well as Dancing from 9 p.m. to 1 a.m.
TOURING CLUB RESTAURANT open nightly. Saturdays: Dinner Dance.

★ **Exhibitions:—**
1) Two Thousand Years of Chinese Painting, 2) French Paintings of the 20th Century, 3) Contemporary American Prints, 4) Paintings by Arie Aroch. Exhibit of the Month: Chinese Bowl and Saucer (17th Century) — New Acquisition. Bezalel Museum 9-1, 3-5.
1) Oil Paintings, Gouaches and Drawings by Sima Slonim, 2) Drawings by Aschheim, 3) Embroidered Pictures by Rosa Feigel. Also Exhibition of Applied Art: 1) M. Ahlfeld-Heyman — Masks, 2) N. Zaslering-Hanreck — Mosaics, 3) Zvi Gali — Ceramics. Artists House. Daily 10-1, 4-6. Fridays and Saturdays 10-1.
"Conquest of the Desert" permanent Exhibition on the grounds of the Jerusalem Convention Centre 10-1, 4-6.

TEL AVIV

Italian specialities, lunch, dinner, music. Lucky's Bar, 3 Allenby Rd.

★ **Exhibitions:—**
"Maskit" Israel Village Arts and Crafts, Woodcuts and Paintings by Jacob Steinhardt. New acquisitions by the Museum. Tel Aviv Museum, 10-1, 4-7; Fridays and Saturdays, 10-1.
Paintings by Yechiel Krise — Painters & Sculptors Pavilion — 9 Rehov Alharizi — 10-1, 4-7.

★ **Theatre:—**
Chamber Theatre, "Pantomime", Mograbi Hall, 8 p.m. (Tickets sold for Nov. 16 valid for this performance.)
Chamber Theatre, "The Castle," New Chamber Theatre, 8 p.m.
Habimah, "Medea," 8 p.m.

★ **Tourist Service:**
Square Dancing, Z.O.A. House, 8.30

HAIFA

★ **Theatre:—**
Chamber Theatre, "The Lady of the Manor," Armon, 9 p.m.

★ **Exhibitions:—**
Picasso lithographs, Carmel Studio, 3 Wedgwood Ave., 9-1, 4-7.

NATANYA

★ **Theatre:—**
Jewish Comedy Theatre, "Der Kopl Kive Vert A Tate," 8.30

ACCADIA BEACH

★ **Entertainment:—**
Dinner Dance at the Accadia Grand Hotel, 8.30 p.m.

PETAH TIKVA

★ **Theatre:—**
Habimah, Henry IV, 8 p.m.

BEERSHEBA

★ **Theatre:—**
Ohel, "Eldorado," 8 p.m.

RAMAT GAN

★ **Theatre:—**
DO-RE-MI, Rossi Barsoni in Holiday in Venice," Rama, 8.15

★ **Concert:—**
Ramat Gan Chamber Music Orchestra, 1st Subscription Concert, Beit Zvi Hall, 8.30 p.m.

RAANANA

★ **Theatre:—**
Yiddish Theatre, "The Singing Blacksmith" — Benzion Vitler, Shifra Lerer.

מס הכנסה

NOTICE TO SALARIED TAXPAYERS

Starting December 1, 1955, all salaried taxpayers should apply to the Assessment Offices in their own residential districts on all matters regarding Income Tax.

S. Africans Won By Innings, 30 Runs

We regret that, owing to a teleprinter break-down, the result of the cricket match between the South African Maccabi and Israel North Selected was incorrectly given. The North were sent in to bat the second time and scored 61, giving the tourists a win by an innings and 30 runs. The final score was: South Africa Maccabi, 149. Israel North XI, 58 and 61.

Using their second string bowlers mainly, the South Africans soon dismissed the local team, for whom only the captain, F.R. Woodeson, reached double figures. "Kappy" Kaplan was the most successful Springbok bowler in the North's second knock, taking three for 14 runs. Bonner, who had taken four for 13 (not 2 for 13 as given) in the first innings, captured one more in the second for a cost of two runs, making his match analysis five for 15; Sugarman took another in the second for one run, making his bowling figures for the match five for six; Ress took two for 13 and Wainstein one wicket.

The following team has been selected to represent Israel in the game against S.A. Maccabi at Ashkelon on Friday and Saturday next: Dr. B. Cohen (Tel Aviv) captain; P. Gillon (Ashkelon) vice-captain; J. Lewis (T.A.); D. Day, (T.A.); C. Mandelstam (Moshav Habonim); F. Hindmarsh (Jerusalem); J. Gibins (J'lem); B. Daleski (J'lem); A. Hurwitz (Ashkelon); S. Kaplan (Ashkelon); M. Meyerowitz (Ashkelon).

CZECH ROLLING STOCK OFFERED CEYLON

COLOMBO, Wednesday (UP).—Czechoslovakia has offered to supply Ceylon with railway locomotives and other rolling stock on a long-term credit basis, it was disclosed here today.

A spokesman for the Czech trade delegation now negotiating with the Ministry of Commerce, said the offer was similar to deals made with India, Turkey, and Indonesia, where large projects have been launched on long-term credit.

RIUNIONE ADRIATICA DI SICURTA' — INSURANCE COMPANY LTD.

ESTABLISHED AT TRIESTE IN 1838 — PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1954 and 1953 — REGISTERED OFFICE IN MILAN

1953 Life Assurance It. Lire	1953 General Business It. Lire	INCOME	1954 Life Assurance It. Lire	1954 General Business It. Lire
16.025.590.235	6.233.045.978	Premium reserves and outstanding claims (at close of preceding year)	18.430.888.226	7.274.895.578
227.662.431	—	Balance of portfolios acquired and transferred	30.242.479	—
4.669.638.613	15.483.869.612	Premiums received	5.148.932.124	16.071.219.299
220.386.673	1.934.451.705	Policy fees and accessories	239.209.070	2.004.017.571
994.860.333	304.038.096	Interest on investment	1.072.906.436	355.168.950
33.710.571	181.124.410	Other income	52.724.115	123.622.152
—	67.210.959	Profit balance transferred from Life Branch	—	38.418.744
22.171.848.856	24.203.740.760		24.974.902.450	25.867.342.294

1953 Life Assurance It. Lire	1953 General Business It. Lire	OUTGO	1954 Life Assurance It. Lire	1954 General Business It. Lire
473.408.283	7.397.413.007	Premiums paid to reinsurers	541.522.543	7.707.288.167
1.015.435.492	3.976.555.413	Claims and payments for surrender of policies	1.255.142.408	4.500.838.008
1.911.457.802	4.124.428.371	Expenses of management and commissions	2.118.305.038	4.325.683.323
138.900.850	902.963.997	Taxes	146.655.058	949.440.567
76.859.567	181.195.230	Other expenditure	78.598.703	175.064.667
18.488.575.903	7.304.863.663	Premium reserves and outstanding claims at close of year	20.796.259.956	7.840.231.970
67.210.959	316.321.079	Profit balance of financial year	38.418.744	368.995.597
22.171.848.856	24.203.740.760		24.974.902.450	25.867.342.294

BALANCE SHEETS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1954 and 1953

1953 Life Assurance	1953 General Business	LIABILITIES	1954 Life Assurance	1954 General Business
2.160.000.000	2.160.000.000	Share Capital	2.160.000.000	2.160.000.000
3.362.907.930	2.039.478.314	Special Reserves	3.544.356.057	2.428.340.671
—	1.435.100.000	Debenture Loan Proceeding from Merger of Subsidiary Real Estate Company ** "EDICEMI"	—	1.386.600.000*
18.488.575.903	7.304.863.663	Reserves for unexpired risks and claims outstanding	20.796.259.956	7.840.231.970
2.315.262.888	3.184.411	Other funds	2.308.753.268	3.665.929
578.992.911	4.570.088.809	Companies balances	606.557.650	5.202.410.371
632.989.584	398.966.497	Agents balances	480.187.822	498.434.550
123.193.909	—	Current account Gen. Business and Life Assurance	95.198.449	—
169.478.657	814.400.092	Sundry Creditors	220.461.858	1.076.637.353
—	5.616.100	Profit balance brought forward from preceding year	—	5.247.547
—	316.321.079	Profit balance of financial year	—	368.995.597
27.831.401.782	19.048.018.965		30.211.777.060	20.950.563.988
25.153.236	514.504.141	Record accounts	26.339.393	761.440.147
27.856.555.018	19.562.523.106		30.238.116.453	21.712.004.135

*) of which as at June 30, 1955—It. Lire 652,815,000 in possession of the Company (net of It. Lire 62,785,000 redeemed)
**) of which—as at June 26, 1954—It. Lire 684,536,000 in possession of the Company (net of It. Lire 30,180,000 redeemed)

1953 Life Assurance	1953 General Business	ASSETS	1954 Life Assurance	1954 General Business
1.822.627.449	2.380.568.775	Cash on hand and deposits on current account with Banks	2.049.977.789	2.761.116.774
16.734.350.497*	1.809.404.655	Real Estate	16.884.534.538*	2.026.265.158
5.664.746.384	7.817.392.552	Securities	7.451.160.014	8.131.664.664
385.779.962	17.096.114	Loans to States and Municipalities and Mortgages	338.206.932	27.320.988
360.539.291	—	Loans on Life Policies	426.073.236	—
1.827.733.041	5.092.485.621	Companies balances	2.038.819.056	5.308.427.590
1.001.671.134	1.510.726.413	Agents balances	952.621.713	1.884.188.273
—	123.193.909	Current account Life Assurance and General Business	—	95.198.449
33.954.024	297.150.926	Sundry debtors	70.383.792	606.382.093
27.831.401.782	19.048.018.965		30.211.777.060	20.950.563.988
25.153.236	514.504.141	Record accounts	26.339.393	761.440.147
27.856.555.018	19.562.523.106		30.238.116.453	21.712.004.135

*) of which It. Lire 1.739.160.000 proceeding from merger of Subsidiary Real Estate Company "EDICEMI."

REPORT OF AUDITORS

The above profit and loss accounts and the balance sheets represent in a condensed form the statements for the financial years 1954 and 1953, submitted to and approved by the general meetings of the shareholders on June 30, 1955, respectively on June 26, 1954.

The foregoing balance sheets are properly drawn up so as to present a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the Company.

Trieste, September 20, 1955.

AUDITORS. U. HARABAGLIA, G. MANNI

ISRAEL PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1954 AND 1953

1953 IL.	1953 IL.	CREDIT	1954 IL.	1954 IL.
		1. Profit transferred from Revenue Accounts:		
2,134		a) Loss of property and fire insurance	5,918	
3,629		b) Marine insurance	—	
	5,763			5,918
675	675	2. Interest and other income not credited to other accounts	981	981
	3,581	3. Loss transferred to appropriation account (Head Office)		15,561
	10,019			22,460

1953 IL.	1953 IL.	DEBIT	1954 IL.	1954 IL.
		1. Loss transferred from Revenue Accounts:		
9,450		a) Life assurance	8,971	
—		b) Marine insurance	12,182	
	9,450			21,153
	569	2. General expenses not debited to other accounts		1,307
	10,019			22,460

Trieste, September 20, 1955.

Auditors: U. HARABAGLIA, G. MANNI

GENERAL AGENT IN ISRAEL: MATMON INVESTMENT TRUST LTD. 94 Allenby Road, Tel Aviv. Tel. 4715.

Presents

The Shrike

Starting Saturday, November 26, 1955, at the *ARNON CINEMA, Jerusalem.*

Certain to be the most talked about motion picture of the year. Produced, directed and acted by JOSE FERRER and with JUNE ALLYSON, the most popular star in U.S.A.

Based on the Pulitzer Prize winning play by JOSEPH KRAMM.



Today's Postbag

THE WEATHER

FORECAST: A cold air current is flowing into the East Mediterranean region. The weather will be partly cloudy, with isolated showers. In the late afternoon there will be an increase in cloudiness, and showers are expected.

	A	B	C	D
Mt. Cuna'an	92	10	19	13
Tiberias	97	16	21	23
Haifa Port	86	17	21	21
Natanya	88	15	19	19
Tel Aviv North	88	15	19	19
Tel Aviv Port	—	16	20	20
Lydda Airport	79	12	18	18
Jerusalem	100	10	14	14
Beersheba	90	13	20	20
Eilat	92	15	29	26

*A) Humidity at 3 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday D) Maximum temp. expected today

• • •

FOUR FISHERMEN of the Yam-Suf Cooperative Eilat, were yesterday fined IL50 each for assaulting a fisherman, not in the Cooperative, by Magistrate Z. Alaf in the Eilat Magistrate's Court.

• • •

A HAIFA RESIDENT, Mr. Y. Nahum, yesterday informed the police that pickpockets had stolen IL300 from him while he was travelling on a No. 7 bus from the lower town to the Municipal ghettoir.

• • •

IL50 HAS BEEN given to the Weizmann Institute by the Rt. Reverend Bishop D.A. Thompson of Felpham, Bognor Regis, England. Bishop Thompson wrote: "This is sent with our sincere and good wishes for peace and prosperity for Israel."

• • •

86-YEAR-OLD Eliezer Weissman, of Tel Aviv, was yesterday taken to the Donolo Hospital in Jaffa with severe food poisoning, after eating tinned meat that had been treated with rat poison.

• • •

"ABRAHAM'S TAMARISK" in Beersheba will be moved to the centre of the town, according to a recent decision of the Ministry for Religious Affairs and the Mayor of Beersheba, Mr. David Tuvyahu.

Plans for Gov't, Mekorot Ties

TEL AVIV, Wednesday.—A proposal to extend an equal third part ownership in Mekorot, the water company, to the Government, was put forward by Mr. Ze'ev Onn, Director of Hevrat Ovdim, the Histadrut holding company, at talks here today with representatives of Mekorot, the Agricultural Workers Union (Hamerkaz Hahaklai) and the "Nir" Co.

Mr. S. Blass, the water engineer, however, suggested that the ownership be divided so that Mekorot retained the regional water works and installations, and the Government took over construction of the national water projects, such as the Jordan-Negev pipe-line and major dams. A third proposal came from Mr. B. Repetor, of Ahdut Ha'avoda, who asked that the present status quo be maintained.

Mr. Onn recalled earlier talks on the subject which were begun in 1953, and reported that Mekorot capital amounted to IL30m. in the form of ordinary (voting) shares, (half of which were held by the National Institutions, and the other half by Hevrat Ovdim and the Nir Co. Ltd), preferred shares, and a third type of share known as "Water Rights" issues.

To Hevrat Ovdim proposal suggested that the three part ownership be divided equally between the Government, the National Institutions and Hevrat Ovdim and its affiliates. The suggestion further demands that the Government exchange parts of its investments in the company for shares.

Mr. Blass's idea was that the Government would not sell the water, but "rent" it to Mekorot, thereby gaining influence on company policy.

Gov't Effort to Mend Defeat on Loans Bill

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The Government yesterday delivered its reply to the Herut and General Zionist Knesset factions, which on Tuesday took advantage of empty Coalition benches to emasculate the Loans Bill.

The reply was in form of a new bill entitled "Loan Bill No. 2" which was approved by the Cabinet yesterday morning and tabled in the Knesset shortly afterwards.

It authorizes the Government to borrow an additional IL5m. from banking institutions (including cooperative credit societies). It would thus restore the IL5m. which the Opposition cut down from the IL30m. provided in the earlier bill.

Yesterday's Knesset session was terminated at 12.25 p.m., after only an hour and seven minutes, presumably because of the weather. It was marked by intermittent electricity stoppages, which also affected the loud-speaker system. The House was about half full (57 hands were raised in one vote) and the gallery was practically empty.

Extradition Bill

The Knesset passed, without opposition, the first reading of an Amendment to the Extradition Law, which deals with the temporary extradition of persons wanted for a crime in another country while awaiting trial or serving sentence for another crime in Israel, or vice versa.

The House defeated an urgent motion for the agenda by Mr. Haim Arlav (General Zionist) calling for a debate on the demand for wage increases in the citrus industry. A motion by Mr. E. Shostak (Herut) to refer the matter to the Labour Committee was also defeated. Mr. Arlav said that the Farm Workers Union has demanded wage increase of 10-15 per cent for all workers in the industry, including packers.

He thought it wrong that, in these days, when the Minister of Finance was warning of the dangers of wage increases, an industry so vital to the economy and to our export trade should be the one chosen for higher pay.

Both pickers and packers were getting a decent wage, Mr. Arlav declared. Moreover, workers who exceeded the norms earned more. The additional wage cost would make it increasingly difficult to compete with North African and Spanish citrus, he charged.

No Intervention

The Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, asked that the motion be struck from the agenda since neither the Government nor the Knesset had any right to intervene formally in wage matters.

The issue should not be confused with the general economic situation, Mr. Eshkol asserted. "Surely it has no connection with the gap (between imports and exports) or with the market, and the oranges will roll and will be carried on ships whether the grove owners end up with IL5 more or less."

Mr. Arlav's motion was overwhelmingly defeated, while Mr. Shostak's motion received 20 votes against 37. Hapoel Hamizrahi and Mr. G. Schocken (Progressive) joined Herut and the General Zionists in supporting the motion, while the Communists and Poalei Agudat Yisrael joined the bulk of the Coalition in rejecting it. Dr. Y. Foerder (Progressive) abstained.

The Speaker announced that next week there would be sessions only on Monday and Tuesday. The reason, it is understood, is that the new Government has not yet prepared sufficient material for consideration by the Knesset.

AUTUMN BUDGET BALANCE SHEET

REVENUE	IL.	IL.
Income Tax		12,500,000
Customs		27,000,000
Fuel		5,000,000
Excise Tobacco	2,000,000	
Alcohol	1,000,000	
Cosmetics	2,000,000	
Citrus	800,000	
		11,800,000
Purchase Tax (20%)		5,000,000
Travel Tax		500,000
Stamp Duty		1,500,000
Licence Fees	(—)	2,500,000
Land Registry		500,000
Absorption Tax (transferred to Development)	(—)	9,000,000
Collections a/c of Interest and sundries		2,000,000
TOTAL ORDINARY REVENUE		59,800,000
Income transferred from other authorities		1,100,000
Post Office Income		1,000,000
Income from Ports		1,200,000
Collections a/c of loans & Govt. property		3,000,000
Loans from Insurance & Pension Funds		7,000,000
Telephone Installations		1,400,000
Counter-part for U.S. Surplus Food		21,000,000
Loans from financial institutions		5,000,000
Transferred from Ordinary Budget for Immigrant Absorption		9,000,000
Total from Counter-Part Funds & Loans for Development and Debt Retirement		60,000,000
TOTAL REVENUE		113,000,000

EXPENDITURE	IL.	IL.
Prime Minister's Office	575,000	
Ministry of Finance	779,000	
Health	1,370,000	
Religious Affairs	500,000	
Foreign Affairs	750,000	
Education	1,700,000	
Agriculture	80,000	
Commerce and Industry	1,000	
Police	320,000	
Justice	12,700	
Labour	2,100,000	
Interior	1,018,000	
Invalids' Pensions	107,500	
Compensation for Damage in World War II	600,000	
Pensions and Compensation for Officials & Families of Ministers	570,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE FOR MINISTRIES		13,500,000
Reserve for increased salaries		1,000,000
Subsidies for essential goods		17,000,000
Special Allocations		10,000,000
Transferred Funds		1,100,000
Post Office & Transport Expenditure		1,500,000
DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURE		
Agriculture	12,000,000	
Development of the Arava	65,000	
Industry	2,000,000	
Quarries and Mines	3,000,000	
Transport	1,310,000	
Post Office	1,100,000	
Housing	12,000,000	
Public Buildings	730,000	
Public Works	850,000	
Sundry Funds	500,000	42,000,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURE		113,000,000

IL113m. Allocated

(Continued from Page 1)

Counterpart Fund derived from American farm surpluses. Until now, two allocations, totalling $13.8m. have been made by the U.S. The first was for aid to the country during last year's drought, and the second was in food which went to increase stocks. Another $8m.-$10m. allocation is expected before the end of the fiscal year.

Under the agreement with the U.S., the Government may use a certain part of the Counterpart Fund (estimated at IL33m.) for development.

The IL6m. for new immigrants was transferred from the Ordinary Budget, as already noted. The remaining IL2.5m., listed in the Ordinary Budget as derived from additional excise, will be spent within the framework of the Ordinary Budget on North African immigrants.

A sum of IL7m., specified as loans from insurance, pension and provident funds, constitutes a direct increase in the Government debt, as does the IL5m. specified as loans from financial institutions. A bill dealing with the latter sum was tabled in the Knesset yesterday.

The final IL5m. listed will come from telephone installation fees and revenue from Government property.

Employment Project

The main items of expenditure are approximately IL45m. for employment projects and new housing schemes, mainly for new immigrants. Of the IL8,190,000 allocated to the Ministry of Labour, IL7.4m. is to finance unemployment projects for newcomers. In the Development Budget, of the IL18,650,000 allocated for the Ministry of Agriculture, IL8,360,000 is for housing.

Of the IL18,890,000 for housing in the Development Budget, IL18,340,000 is for new immigrants. Of this, IL5,250,000 is earmarked to build 2,000 units for North African immigrants and IL5m. to cover increased expenses of completed building projects. A sum of IL6m. is to go for a three-year building project which it had been intended to include in a future budget. (Another IL5.5m. is to be spent on housing by the Jewish Agency. This figure, of course, does not appear in these budgets).

Of the IL1,370,000 provided for the Ministry of Health, IL430,000 is to go for developing the Salk vaccine against infantile paralysis and the remainder for higher salaries for the doctors.

Salk Vaccine

A sum of IL546,300, listed as going for the Prime Minister's Office, is in reality for the newly-founded Government Tourist Corporation. Of the Ministry of Education and Culture's IL3,280,000, the largest single item, IL1,941,300, goes for higher expenses in elementary education, mainly for immigrant children. Another IL173,100 is for lunches for these children. The funds expended by the Ministry of Interior for the elections to the Third Knesset, IL1,018,000, are being returned to the Ministry.

A total of IL2,325,000 of the IL3m. going to the Ministry of Posts will be to repay loans and to finance projects specified in other expenditure items. The Ministry of Transport is to spend its IL2.5m. in similar ways.

Higher Salaries

For salary increases approved as a result of the 1955 Wage Committee (Guri) report, IL2.6m. is earmarked. Salaries are expected to rise by IL6,250,000, but the figure of IL3.6m. will be sufficient since the Government found that it could reduce the expenses of certain Ministries by IL2m., while several ministries undertook to pay their officials an extra IL1,650,000 from their own budgets.

The Government has allocated IL22m. to subsidize basic foods and promote exports. The National institutions had been expected to provide IL16.5m. in income derived from the $1-IL1.300 exchange rate, but since the exchange rate was raised to $1-IL1.500, this did not materialize. Also, the institutions imported goods instead of transferring funds. The Government also decided to increase the subsidy funds by IL6m.

In the Development Budget, with the allocations for agriculture, IL7.2m. of the agriculture allotment is for loans to help drought-stricken settlements, while IL2.7m. is for loans to farmers to compensate them for losses following increases in rate exchanges.

Of the IL3.6m. allocated for quarries and mines, IL3,250,000 is a loan to the Dead Sea Works. This should enable it to start full production.

The Negev railway is to get IL500,000 while IL810,000 is for the purchase of three Diesel locomotives.

Working Women To Intensify Work

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — The seventh conference of working women came to an end in the Habimah Theatre here late tonight after three days of purposeful discussion on the activities of the women's organizations of the Histadrut, with the majority approval of decisions intended to intensify their work in the fields of education and social welfare, and the determination to fight for the full equality of rights and responsibilities of employed women.

A strong demand was made for the Histadrut to admit Arabs as full members, with particular emphasis on the rise in status which such a move would give to the Arab woman. More stringent application of the Compulsory Education Law was also demanded.

In questions of foreign policy the women followed the line of their parties in the newly formed Government, but in domestic Histadrut affairs, Ahdut Ha'avoda and Mapam returned to the opposition.

Water Meters May Save 320m. Cub. m. a Year

A quarter of a million water meters will be produced locally within the next five years to meet the need when the law to limit the consumption of water comes into effect, it was announced yesterday by Mr. P. Kaufman, Director of the Measuring Department of the Water Authority.

It is estimated that the law will result in a saving of 320,000,000 cubic metres of water a year. This represents 40 per cent of the country's present consumption.

Locusts Quit Israel

BEERSHEBA, Wednesday. — There were no locusts remaining in Israel today, when the last swarm left after spending a brief period here.

It is reported that large swarms of red locusts have settled in the Jericho area in Jordan.

EXCELLENT
Secretary
Hebrew-English shorthand, German typing, seeks suitable position in Tel Aviv.
Write: No. 3800, P.O.B. 1425, Tel Aviv.

Exchange of Flats
Willing to change pleasant 3½ room flat near Rehov Arlosoroff, Tel Aviv, for a similar or 4 room flat in Jerusalem.
Apply: B.I., P.O.B.402, Jerusalem.

Ramle Gives Defence Fund IL100,000

Over IL100,000 has been contributed for Arms for Defence by the citizens of Ramle, the Municipality announced yesterday.

Deposits in the Defence Fund account at the Bank of Israel totalled IL3,433,000 at the close of business on Tuesday.

Former inmates of Nazi extermination camps have collected IL100 from members of their organization, which is itself maintained by contributions and serves to help needy comrades.

A performance is being given at the Habimah Theatre this evening the entire proceeds of which are to be devoted to the fund. Among the artists who will appear are Hanna Rovina, Hanna Meron, Leah Deganit, Meir Margalit, Refael Klatchkin, Aharon Meskin, Yosef Yadin and Yehoshua Bertonov.

At the end of December, a gala performance of Moshe Shamir's new play "The War of the Sons of Light and the Sons of Darkness" will be presented by the Chamber Theatre under the patronage of the Prime Minister and Mrs. Ben-Gurion, the proceeds of which, estimated at IL50,000, are to pay for a military aircraft. Tickets will cost IL20 and IL100, and in order to obtain a country-wide audience, all kibbutzim and major institutions are to buy from two to four tickets each.

Three hundred pounds have been collected by a group of soldiers in memory of a comrade who fell at Nitzana on November 3. IL11,000 has come from the Tel Aviv Chamber of Commerce, and the Fund has been further swelled by donations of IL5,000 from Rassco and IL3,000 from Mata, the margarine factory, IL2,525 of which came from the employees.

Teachers Present Modified Demands

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — The Teachers Association agreed last night to grant a further 10-day respite to the Minister of Education, Mr. Z. Aranne, in which to consider their claims for salary increases. The Minister had requested the time on the grounds that he had only just entered upon his duties. He promised that he would do his utmost to reach a "reasonable solution" and that the increases would be retroactive from July.

The influence of the new coalition Government was apparent in that the decision was agreed to by Ahdut Ha'Avoda and Mapam representatives, who had hitherto taken a very militant stand.

The proposals of the Histadrut Trade Union Department, which were said to have approached those of the Association, were accepted with a number of amendments.

The teachers' claims now before the Government include the following: highest grade teachers (M.A.), whose basic salary is now IL92, to be increased to IL138, rising to IL260 with 20 years' seniority; 10 per cent less to teachers with B.A. degrees, now also receiving IL92; elementary school teachers, whose present grade VI salary is IL81, to receive from IL92 to IL182.

It is proposed that uncertificated teachers be granted the salary of certificated elementary school teachers less 10 to three per cent, with the deductions going to a fund to assist such teachers to qualify.

Higher Customs On 'Unapproved' Imports

The customs authorities have increased duties on all goods imported without foreign currency allocations in order to adjust the differences between local retail prices and the original cost in foreign currency, it is learned from Finance Ministry sources. The duty is calculated in accordance with the customs law, and takes into account the original cost in foreign currency of the product and the local merchandising mark-up.

The authorities make adjustments when market fluctuations so require to prevent importers from making excessive profits.

Mass Lung Checks In Haifa, Galilee

HAIFA, Wednesday. — A mobile minograph for mass lung examinations in the north of the country will be operated by the Ministry of Health and Kupat Holim from December 1, Mr. S. Resnik, Director of the Histadrut's Sick Fund in the Northern Area, told the newly formed control commission of the fund here this week. A second minograph is already in operation at the Kupat Holim Geula clinic here.

(In the minograph system, a fluroscope imprints an image of the chest on 35mm. film. The method is fast and cheap.)

Mr. Resnik stated that the fund's budget in the Haifa area totalled almost IL4m., of which about IL2.5m. was collected from employers' contributions. In the Greater Haifa area, some 160,000 residents, about 65 per cent of the population, get Kupat Holim treatment in 50 clinics; 10 first aid stations; X-ray institutes; departments for specialized treatment, and a central laboratory. The staff totals nearly 1,000, including 280 doctors, 280 nurses and 150 other medical personnel. About 450 beds in the town's hospitals are reserved for members; 12,000 members are treated daily while the fund's doctors make some 200 sick-bed calls every day.

The fund also carries out preventive treatment and runs an industrial department for factory workers. It also has 28 infant care stations, 18 for expectant mothers, while 15,000 schoolchildren are under its supervision.

RAMAT GAN, Wednesday. — More than 35,000 Histadrut members living in the Dan area will be served by the five Kupat Holim clinics which were opened today without ceremony in Kiryat Borochov, Pardess Katz, Zahala, Hadar Yosef and Ramat Hayil. Each clinic has a dispensary and a laboratory.

New Bottle for Blood

HAIFA, Wednesday. — The Phoenicia Glass Works here have just completed the production of 50,000 special bottles for the storage of blood donated to Magen David Adom. So far, eight different types of bottle have been used for this purpose and, as none of them has been quite satisfactory, the blood banks have been hampered in their work.

The new bottle was developed by Dr. N. Wolff, of Tel Aviv, Director of M.D.A.'s blood bank services.

BUS STATION FOR TIBERIAS

TIBERIAS, Wednesday.—A bus terminus is to be constructed on a three-dunam site in the lower town here, at a cost of IL200,000, Egged announced here today. It will contain office space, passenger facilities, approach roads and 10 platforms in the first stage, to be extended to 20 later on.

From Sunday, a new bus line will link the downtown business centre with Upper Tiberias, the new quarters on the hilltop, a distance of five-and-a-half kilometres. After long negotiations, Egged agreed to reduce the projected fare from 150 pruta to 110, but will be compensated by a five prutot increase on two urban lines and 10 pruta on the route to the hot springs. The negotiations have held up the transfer of many ma'abara residents to new homes in Upper Tiberias.

IL500 FINE FOR THEFT, FORGERY

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA, Wednesday. — Eliyahu Tamri, 25, an employee of Hamashbir La'oleh, pleaded guilty to forging orders from his firm's store, taking from the store two tons of chicken feed worth IL4,000 and stealing an order book, before District Court Relieving Judge S. Kassan here today. He stated that he had made good the damage. The offences were committed last November. Judge Kassan fined him IL500 and imposed a three-year suspended sentence.

BEGGAR PUTS UP OWN IL20 BAIL

HAIFA, Wednesday. — Meir Golodinsky, who was charged with begging at a wedding here, pulled IL20 out of his pocket for his own bail, when he was remanded in that sum in the Magistrate's Court here this morning.

"SABOR"
The Robot
Tonight, Nov. 24, Kiryat Haim 4.30 and 8.30 p.m.
Tomorrow, November 25, Haifa Amphitheatre, 8.30 p.m.
Saturday, Nov. 26, Tel Aviv Z.O.A. 5.30, 7.15, 9.15 p.m.
Sunday, November 27, Afula 4 and 8.30 p.m.
Monday, Nov. 28, Ramatayim 4 and 8 p.m.
Tuesday, Nov. 29, Natanya 4 and 7 p.m.
Wednesday, Nov. 30, Nes Ziona 4 and 8.30 p.m.
Particulars on Posters.

THE FAMOUS BRITISH SWING BAND
TONY CROMBIE and his Orchestra with his VOCAL and DANCE STARS
Anny Ross, Johnny Grant, Jenifer Jayne, Johnny Keoni
LAST PERFORMANCES IN TEL AVIV
at reduced prices
Tonight, Nov. 24 Ohel Shem 9.15
Tomorrow, Nov. 25 Ohel Beit Arlosoroff 3.30
Saturday, Nov. 26, Ramat Gan, "Ziratron" 8.30
Nov. 28 Rishon Le Zion
Nov. 29 Jerusalem
Nov. 30 Kiryat Haim
Dec. 1 Jaffa, "Hoga" Cinema
PARTICULARS ON POSTERS

Women Will Talk

A quarrel between two women neighbours in Jerusalem led to the arrest of eight girls who have been evading conscription.

The police, acting on information given in an anonymous letter, arrested one of the parties to the quarrel for evading the draft. The next day, a second anonymous letter stated that the other woman was also evading army service. Further accusations and counter-accusations followed, as a result of which a total of eight women were detained. They have all been released on bail pending trial.

11 Hashish Smokers Seized on Rooftop

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — A hashish den was discovered by the police today on the roof of a house in Rehov Hakovshim here.

The police report that, following numerous complaints from neighbours of 116 Rehov Hakovshim, about the noise made by youngsters on the roof, they raided the place after midnight last night and found 11 persons, all in their early twenties, floating on hashish fumes. A tin suspected of containing the drug was also discovered.

At the Rehov Yehuda Halevy police station, the suspects ran amok, and began to smash window panes. They quietened down only after being locked up.

DRUG SUSPECT HITS OFFICER

Shalom Dra'i, 32, of Jerusalem, suspected of smoking hashish, yesterday assaulted the Chief of the Economic Police Division in Jerusalem, during the course of an investigation in the Division's headquarters. In addition to the narcotics indictment, he will also be charged with assaulting an officer carrying out his duty. (Itim)

Henya Yatom Claims She 'Knows Nothing'

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — "What do you want from me — I know nothing," Mrs. Henya Yatom, held on suspicion of poisoning two children of Kibbutz Ma'barot, said today when taken for interrogation at the Lydda police station.

It is learned that Mrs. Yatom spends her days reading the newspapers, and has animated discussions on world problems with her woman jailors. The chief of the Central District Criminal Investigation Branch, Assistant Superintendant I. Singer, visits her several times a day for questioning.

The officer refrained from commenting on the progress of the investigations, but promised an official statement in the next few days.

REMAND EXTENDED IN SMUGGLING CASE

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — Yeheskiel Katsav, the third suspect involved in the currency smuggling transactions of Zion Morad and Nissim Sharabani, who was remanded for 24 hours yesterday, had his remand extended to seven days by Magistrate Y. Treivish here today.

DIES PLAYING CARDS

Sudden death, attributed to a heart attack, overtook Mr. Arie Hen, 49, while he was playing bridge on Tuesday night at the Y.M.C.A. Card Club. The body was taken to Hadassah Hospital for an autopsy. (Itim)

Cables in Brief

EDINBURGH. — The Mayor of Edinburgh, Scottish capital, yesterday invited the Bolshoi Theatre Ballet of Moscow to the famous Edinburgh Festival. Welcoming a group of Soviet scientists to the city, Lord Provost John Banks urged its members to use their influence to send the ballet company to the festival.

NAZI. — Otto Strasser, a former top Nazi who broke with Hitler in 1930 to form the "Black Front," announced in Munich he will lead a new party in West Germany's next elections in 1957.

ENVOY. — Mr. Sergei Semchina has been appointed Soviet Ambassador to Syria.

REDUCTION. — The U.S. Army has announced that it is cutting the 1st Cavalry Division, now stationed in Japan, by some 4,000 men in a further reduction of American troop strength in the Far East.

POPULATION. — Tokyo announced that it had a population of 8,033,521 persons as of October 1 this year. The newspaper "Yomiuri" claimed yesterday that this made Tokyo the world's second largest city, next only to New York and ahead of London.

FUJIYAMA. — Japan's sacred snow-capped Mount Fuji yesterday claimed the life of a 19-year-old climber, Juichi Igarashi, the third in a little more than 24 hours. He was blown off a crag near the summit by strong winds and fell several hundred feet.

RIOT. — Sweden has demanded LT22,000 compensation from Turkey for damage done to Swedish property during disturbances in Istanbul last September. Eight shops in the Swedish Consulate, hired out to businessmen, were damaged.

Syria Not Entitled To Stop I.P.C. Oil Flow

Syria has no right to prevent oil from flowing from Kirkuk, in north Iraq, to Banyas, through the I.P.C. pipeline crossing Syrian territory, according to informed sources in London quoted in Arab reports. According to the 1931 agreement, amended in 1955, between the company and Syria, the latter is forbidden to interfere with the oil flow.

The sources also denied rumours that the present negotiations regarding royalties, now being conducted in Damascus by a member of the I.P.C. Board of Directors, are about to be broken off.

"The Times" (London) special correspondent had written from Beirut last week that these "protracted and so far fruitless" negotiations had reached a "critical stage" and that "the possibility cannot be discounted that the talks will end in failure and the Syrians will forbid further passage of oil across their territory."

Meanwhile, "The New York Times" reported yesterday that the Yemen has granted her first oil and mineral concession to an American company. The report said that the Yemen Development Corporation of Washington has disclosed that it had signed a 30-year agreement for exclusive exploration and development rights in the Red Sea kingdom. It covers 40,000 square miles. (ANA, 'El Jihad', Reuter)

'Moulin Rouge'
Where and When?

Special Offer
RAMAT AVIV
Garden Hotel
1 Week—Full Board
FROM NOW UNTIL AFTER HANUKKA
IL95 (all inclusive)

Heavy Rains Drench Country

(Continued from Page 1)

rain of the night was to the north and east of the city. In the Ramle and Lydda district, an average of 60 mm. fell during the same period and Ein Hahoresh had 62.5 mm. Even Tiberias and Haifa had more rain this time than Tel Aviv, although the total that has fallen over the latter this season is more than four times that which has worried the North.

Double Attack in Negev

The Negev suffered a double attack from an electrical rainstorm and a severe sandstorm. The locusts were replaced by the weather as a topic of conversation in Beersheba as with the breakdown in communications until yesterday evening, no news of their whereabouts could be received. A weather bulletin issued at 5 p.m. said that the Central Negev had become the meeting place of the sandstorm from the South and the rainbelt coming in from the North. Negev settlers told our Beersheba correspondent that the rain was beneficial, even though some 100,000 dunams had to be left unsown.

The heavy rain which fell in the South during Tuesday night and yesterday reached Beer-Tuvia by the morning and then moved further South. Our Rehovot correspondent reports that the downpour there was the most powerful for years. Several streets were blocked by flood waters and a park in the centre of the town was converted into a lake. Municipal workers dug hurried channels in many parts of the town to divert the fast flowing streams. So far this year, over 85 mm. more rain has fallen in Rehovot than in the same period last year.

The Zarnuga Bet ma'bara near there was the scene of a flood which drove seven families out of their huts; they were given other accommodation by the police.

Lydda police also removed four families from their houses in the old part of that town because the heavy rainfall there made them dangerous to live in. Police and firemen in both towns worked long hours throughout the night and the day rescuing, bailing, cleaning and keeping up the morale of the flood victims.

Traffic Interrupted

Although the night's rain was nowhere as intense or as heavy as the previous floods this year, several roads in the country were rendered impassable. Some 40 children of Moshav Neve Yarak, who go to school in Kfar Malal, could not reach home yesterday, because the road from Ramatayim to Petah Tikva was flooded. They were put up by friends. They were being well looked after by the parents of their Ramatayim schoolmates and were rather enjoying the experience. A group of 20 adults from the same Moshav, who work away from home, were also put up in Ramatayim. Police were stationed near the flooded part of the road redirecting drivers along the Ra'anana-Herzliya road.

Traffic was also stopped on the road between Gan Shmuel and Hadera, where it rained heavily and almost without pause during the day. The volume of water brought down from the Sharon Hills by the Hadera river flooded large areas on both sides, doing extensive damage to field crops. Water held up traffic on the roads to the Sharon settlements and Afula. At noon yesterday traffic from Hadera to Pardess Hanna was redirected by the police. Two truck drivers decided to ignore the police warning and moved into the stream, only to get stuck half way. Police and fire brigade tenders pulled them out after a policeman, wading in water up to his chest, tied a cable onto the floodbound vehicles.

In coastal towns and villages the strong winds felled trees and telegraph poles, and covered long stretches of road with sand. Both the wind and the rain disrupted telephone communications during the day and the few inter-urban lines available were overloaded.

In the Holon ma'bara, six huts were rendered uninhabitable and the occupants were housed temporarily in the school. A woman and her two children, as well as two 17-year-old girls, were slightly injured when a single-storey house in Moledet collapsed; they were taken to the Donolo hospital in Jaffa, the children being discharged later. The father, who was not at home when the house collapsed, is already rebuilding it.

Welcome to Farmers

The general opinion among farmers is that the rain and the drop in temperature are welcome, but citrus growers are of two minds because, although the cooler weather well help them fight the Mediterranean fruit fly, the rain has delayed orange picking and may prevent them from meeting export commitments.

IT'S WORSE IN SYRIA

The heaviest rains in "dozens of years" fell in the past two days in Syria, ANA reports from Damascus.

The main communication routes with the provinces were disrupted and seven bridges on the Damascus-Homs road were severely damaged.

Laughter in Paradise
Armon David Cinema, Tel Aviv
Sat., Nov. 26

We announce with sorrow the death of
Judy Strauss
Gesher Haziv

"Helen Keller's Home" Corner

Through the medium of this newspaper we wish to thank all those who have so kindly donated to the "HELEN KELLER HOME"

BELOW IS ANOTHER DONORS LIST FOR THE YEAR 1952 UNTIL NOW:

IL300—Central Office of Crushed Stones, Herzliya, Tel Aviv.
IL 90—Moshi Sacks Ltd., Tel Aviv.
IL 75—Ampa Ltd., Tel Aviv.
IL 75—Labour Federation of Agudat Israel, Tel Aviv; The Consolidated Drilling Co. Ltd.; Women Labour Council, General Federation of Jewish Labour, Tel Aviv.
IL 66—Marcus Guiman, Tel Aviv; "Hamakdim" Taxi Drivers Association, Petah Tikva.
IL 50—Afrika-Palestine Investment Co. Ltd., Tel Aviv; Amsor Ltd., Tel Aviv; Yokneam Local Council.
IL 46—Mazuzah Ltd., Tel Aviv; WIZO, Tel Aviv; Kibbutz Mazuzah; Falbric Ltd., Tel Aviv.
IL 40—Sharon Lodge (Haboaim Hahadshim), Tel Aviv; Kaiser-Frazer of Israel Ltd., Tel Aviv.
IL 30—Ohnar Hama'amad Haberyanut, Tel Aviv; Jewish Butchers Association of Tel Aviv and Jaffa; Malva's Yehinahon Coop. Society Ltd., Haifa; Weingart Quarter, Petah Tikva; Haim and Miriam Levanon, Tel Aviv.
IL 25—Barzelit Metal Works Ltd., Tel Aviv; Workers Committee, Ya'ad Hapoel, General Federation of Jewish Labour in Eretz Israel, Tel Aviv; Workers Committee, Jerusalem Electric and Public Service Corp. Ltd., Jerusalem; Secony Vacuum Oil Co. of Israel, Tel Aviv; Bnei Brak Labour Council; Moshav Beit Hanan; Tnuva Ltd., Jerusalem.
IL 15—"Zamir," Sweets Factory, Tel Aviv; S. Lavi, Tel Aviv; Henig, Tel Aviv; Ch. Igal, Tel Aviv; Mizrahi Bank Ltd., Tel Aviv; A. Resnik and M. Sosenshein, Tel Aviv; B. Gutfreund, Tel Aviv; Moshe Reifen, Petah Tikva; Dr. Kapina, Tel Aviv; Dr. Rotenberg, Haifa; Ruhrberg & Koopach, Tel Aviv; Sh. Feig, Tel Aviv; Finzon Bros., Petah Tikva "Gestetner," Israel Duplicator Co. Ltd., Tel Aviv.
IL 10—Atvael Ramat Gan; Urban Metal-Steel Works Ltd., Tel Aviv; Reali School, Haifa; Ellern's Bank Ltd., Haifa; Ch. Greenbaum, Petah Tikva; A. Hadar, Tel Aviv; "Hapoel" Sports Union, Tel Aviv.
IL 5—A. & A. Levy, Petah Tikva; N. Segal, Tel Aviv; S. Lavi, Ramat Gan; M. Adler, Natanya; M. Hackman, Haifa.

We appeal to the general public, various institutions and organizations, factories, businessmen and industrialists, workers, farmers, and members of the free professions, to give a helping hand to complete Helen Keller's Home which is being erected in Tel Aviv, and which will serve as a social, cultural, educational and vocational centre for the deaf and mute in Israel.

Contributions are accepted at the following places:

a. Our offices at 28 Rehov Herzl, Tel Aviv.
b. All branches of Bank Leumi, Account No. 12462 at the central office, 19 Rehov Herzl, Tel Aviv.
c. Bank Hadoar, Account No. 41287.
d. Social Work Centre, P.O.B. 1208, Tel Aviv.

We gratefully accept such varied contributions as: building materials, furniture, books etc., which are needed by our institution. We are prepared to dedicate sections of the institution to commemorate people in whose names we receive special contributions.

Social & Personal

Thirty members of the Jerusalem consular corps and their families visited Sdom yesterday. On their way back, they visited the Hiss Hostel in Beersheba and were received by the District Commissioner, Mr. J. Vardimon.

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ARRIVALS: Mr. Mordechai Halevy, Deputy President of the U.S. Hebrew Federation and Director of Hebrew Education in Philadelphia, and Mrs. Halevy, to settle here; Miss O. Young, vocational training expert, from Istanbul, for a four-month stay to advise the Vocational Training Department of the Ministry of Labour; Mr. I. Frishman, Haifa contractor of joint Israel-Turkish building enterprises, now constructing houses on order from the Turkish Government, from Istanbul.

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M. M. Gilead, Director of the Meteorological Services, is to address the Tel Aviv-Jaffa Rotary Club on Meteorology in Its International Aspects, at ZOA House, at 1.15 p.m. today.

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The lecture by Dr. Gregory Pincus, Director of Laboratories at the Worcester Foundation for Experimental Biology, Shrewsbury, Mass., which was due to take place on Sunday, November 27, at the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School, has been cancelled.

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BIRTHS

COHEN — To Blanche (nee Schneider) and Dr. Bernard Cohen on November 21, 1955, at the Assuta Hospital, Tel Aviv — a son.

HILB — To Vita (nee Levy) and Gad Hilb on November 18, 1955, at the Elisha Hospital, Haifa — a daughter, sister to Irit and Gidon.

SMITH — To Emma and Herbert Smith on November 20 at Misgav Ladach Hospital, Jerusalem — a son, brother to Yoav.

'Kol Yisrael Must Have Better J'lem Station'

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — If Kol Yisrael wishes to do its job properly, its prime need is a well-equipped control broadcasting station in Jerusalem. There also seems to be scope for improvement in presentation and execution of many of its current features. New records are also necessary.

These were a few of the impressions of Mr. W. O. Galbraith, Director of the Latin American broadcasts of the B.B.C., after studying Kol Yisrael for the past three weeks on behalf of UNESCO. Mr. Galbraith was answering newsmen's questions at Kol Yisrael's studios here today. A full report with recommendations will be presented by Mr. Galbraith in two months' time, on completion of his survey of Israel broadcasting facilities, which include Kol Zion Lagola and Galei Zahal.

Mr. Galbraith said that he would favour a public service corporation status for broadcasting in Israel; commercial broadcasting, while very good in some countries, is not likely to succeed here because of lack of sponsorship. Moreover, the tasks set by this country's Government made a publicly-controlled radio preferable.

Kol Yisrael was "trying to put too much in one programme," Mr. Galbraith said. It "sold" listeners programmes which would go on separate networks in the B.B.C., for instance: light, home, third or overseas.

The "small colonial station," which was the Palestine Broadcasting Station before the establishment of the State, was completely underequipped for the tasks which Kol Yisrael has set for itself. The broadcasts, the British expert said, "have some very good features," including the relaying of I.P.O. concerts, but "the bread and butter might be of a better quality."

Mr. Galbraith expressed his surprise at the lack of a weekly radio magazine.

AUSTRIA 2, WALES 1

WREXHAM, Wales, Wednesday (UP). — Austria beat Wales by two goals to one in an international soccer match here today. All the goals were scored in the first half. Half-time score was Wales one, Austria two.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

At 3.30, 6.30 and 8.30 p.m.

ARMON: Cattle Drive.
EDEN: Seven Brides for Seven Brothers, 2nd Week.
EDISON: Two Pennyworth of Hope.
ORGIL: Barefoot Contessa.
STUDIO: Sister Carrie.
ORION: Daddy Long Legs, 2nd week.
ORNA: That Lady.
RON: The Woman of Rome.
ZION HALL: On the Waterfront.
TEL OR: "Les Loups Chassent la Nuit."

TEL AVIV

At 3.30, 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

ALLENBY: Desiree, 5th week.
ARMON DAVID: "Le Rouge et le Noir" 6th week.
CHEN: Mandy, 3rd week.
EDEN: Johnny Guitar.
ESTHER: The Prodigal, 2nd week.
MIGDALOR: O.K. Nerone.
MOGRABI: Vera Cruz.
OPHIR: French Cancan, 2nd week.
ORION: A Star is Born, 2nd week.
SHDEROT: Melba.
TAMAR: Marty, 5th week. Matinees: New Mexico, continuous from 9.45 a.m. Last show at 3.45 p.m.
TCHELET: "Les Amants du Tage." Matinees: The Thief of Baghdad
YARON: Flight to Tangier.
ZAMIR: Dance Little Lady, 4th week

HAIFA

MAY: Sins of Pompeii.
PEER: Purple Plain.
GAL OR: Meet Mr. Wilson. Matinees: The House of Wax.
ORAH: Turn the Key Softly.
AMPHITHEATRE: How To Be Very, Very Popular.
EN DOR: Return to Paradise.
ORLY: Girls of Pleasure Island.
ARMON: Rear Window, 2nd week.
MORIAH: Kiss me Kate.
ORION: Beachhead.
ATZMON: Rose Marie, 3rd week.

"Moulin Rouge"

A Novel or...?

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post November 24, 1955

In the Supreme Court Sitting As Court of Civil Appeals

Before the President (Justice Olshan), Justices Berinson and Witkon

Members of the Valero Family, Appellants, v. The Jerusalem Municipality, Respondents (C.A. 27/54, 35/54 37/54).

The Supreme Court dismissed three consolidated appeals against a judgment of the Jerusalem District Court delivered on December 27, 1953.

In March, 1952, the Jerusalem Municipality announced its intention of acquiring certain plots of land owned by various members of the Valero family. In November, 1952, the Municipality withdrew from the acquisition of this land. In three separate actions the Valero family claimed that they were entitled to compensation under the terms of section 14 (2) of the Land (Acquisition for Public Purposes) Ordinance, 1943, which states:

Where the High Commissioner withdraws, either in whole or in part, from the acquisition of any land, the owner of such land and every person entitled to any right or interest in such land shall be entitled to receive from the High Commissioner all such costs as may have been incurred by him by reason or in consequence of the proceedings for acquisition, and compensation for damage, if any, which he may have sustained by reason or in consequence of the notice of intention to acquire such land given under section 5.

The claims were based on the fact that between the date when notice of the intention to acquire the land was given and that on which the Municipality withdrew from the acquisition, the price of land had dropped considerably.

The Jerusalem District Court dismissed the claims mainly on the ground that the damage sustained, as referred to in section 14 (2), included neither loss of profits nor potential damage.

In the three appeals against this decision, which were consolidated by the Supreme Court, Mr. Tepperburg, Mr. Valero and Mr. Shamir appeared for the appellants, Mrs. Nechmad for the Jerusalem Municipality.

Judgment

The Supreme Court delivered its decision in three separate judgments, in each of which the same conclusion was reached by a different process of reasoning.

Justice Witkon dealt firstly with the District Court's opinion that there is a difference between our law and the equivalent English Law — Acquisition of Land (Assessment of Compensation) Act, 1919 — which provides for compensation to be paid for all losses or costs sustained by the owner in consequence of the notice of acquisition having been given and withdrawn; whereas our law provides for compensation for losses sustained in consequence of the notice having been given only). He gave it as his considered opinion that the difference in the wording of the two laws had no significance whatsoever and could lead to no definite conclusion one way or the other.

Turning next to the appellants' contention that the "damage" referred to in section 14 (2) should be interpreted as being either equivalent to damage caused by breach of contract, or damage caused by an act in tort, Justice Witkon dismissed the comparison with a breach of contract as not being analogous, since in the case of a contract a definite price is fixed and if the contract is not carried out then the loss sustained by the seller is a real loss, which can be expressed by calculating the difference between the contract price and the market value at the time the breach occurred. In the present case, however, there had been no agreement with regard to price, and one could not infer a hypothetical agreement based on the market value of the land at the time of the acquisition notice. Whereas a real contract of sale creates an absolute right to receive consideration, in the case of acquisition of land the owners acquire only a contingent right to receive remuneration for their land, subject to the right of the competent authority to withdraw from the acquisition. There was, therefore, no analogy to be drawn between the present case and the laws of contract.

As for the attempt to seek redress by reference to the laws of tort, Justice Witkon pointed out that whereas in some specific cases of conversion claims for damage could be based on potential losses, there was no such rule with regard to trespass on land. Since this was the case with regard to a civil wrong, all the more so would there be no cause to give damages for the loss of potential profits in a case where the act had been perfectly legal — as was that of the Municipality — despite the fact that the Municipality had been guilty of deplorable haste in notifying their intention of acquiring the land before ascertaining whether they had the means to pay for it.

No Actual Damage

President Olshan agreed with the District Court that there was a difference between our law and the English law. The emphasis in our law on the damage incurred in consequence of the notice of acquisition and the absence of any reference to damage incurred by the withdrawal of this notice, was indicative at least of the lack of basis for the argument that the case under consideration could be compared with a breach of contract. On the appellant's own showing, the real cause of damage lay in the fact that potential buyers of the land under consideration had been frightened off by a decision of the Municipality not to give building licences for these particular plots, so that the subsequent notice of acquisition had not been

NO DAMAGE CAUSED BY WITHDRAWAL OF ACQUISITION ORDER

the main cause of loss.

After agreeing that there was no similarity between the present case and a claim in tort, the President pointed out that the law granted compensation for a legal act performed by a competent authority if, in consequence of this act, real — and not hypothetical — damage was caused to the owner of the land. Only if the appellants could have proved that they had concluded a deal prior to the notice of acquisition, which would have given them a higher price for their land than the market price on the day the acquisition was withdrawn, might they have been entitled to any compensation.

Effect of Withdrawal

Justice Berinson considered that there was no point in comparing the present case with a breach of contract or with a civil wrong, since both contained an element of illegality, whereas the withdrawal of the Municipality from the acquisition was perfectly lawful. The appellants could, therefore, base their claim only on the provisions of section 14 (2), under which they should have proved damage sustained by reason of, or in consequence of, the notice of acquisition. He attached importance to the difference between our law and that of England, but maintained that even if one were not to draw any conclusions from this difference, the wording of section 14 (2) itself was sufficient to indicate clearly and unambiguously that when the competent authority withdraws from the acquisition the land-owner is entitled to compensation only for actual (and not hypothetical) damages suffered in consequence of the notice of acquisition (in addition to any costs incurred by him).

Appeal dismissed. No costs awarded in view of the circumstances.

Judgment delivered on November 17, 1955.

J.C.T. Shareholders Getting IL5 for £1

TEL AVIV, Wednesday.—Following the proposed reduction of the capital of the Jewish Colonial Trust in London, almost all the shares of the British company will pass to the Israel company of "Otzar Hityashvut Hayehudim," and shareholders will receive IL5 worth of stock for every Pound sterling which they held in the 50-year-old Jewish Colonial Trust. Shareholders and creditors of the original company who object to the reduction of capital, or their representatives, are being asked to appear in court on December 5 to voice their objections.

It is understood that the tracing of shareholders of the Jewish Colonial Trust may involve a world-wide search, as many of them have moved several times from their original addresses and traces of some of them may have been lost entirely.

Joseph Ends Success Bond Tour in U.S.

Dr. Dov Joseph, M.K., former Minister of Development, is scheduled to arrive tonight at Lydda airport, after a four-week speaking mission for State of Israel Bonds in the U.S. and Canada. His American tour was described as "outstandingly successful" by an Israel Bond Organization spokesman in Jerusalem last night.

Dr. Joseph initiated a 40-day Bond selling campaign with a quota of $16m. This was done over a national telephone hook-up to 80 cities, with over 5,000 community leaders tuning in. Immediately afterwards, many communities informed the National Israel Bond Office that they were doubling their quotas, the Bond spokesman said.

Dr. Joseph visited over a dozen cities during the first part of his tour. His speeches caused directly an increase of from 25 to 250 per cent in amount of Bonds sold, as compared with expected sales. At his first eight meetings alone, over $2,300,000 in Bonds were subscribed.

Over 400 Immigrants Arrive in Negbah

HAIFA, Wednesday. — The s.s. Negbah arrived here this morning from Marseilles with 419 immigrants, mostly from Morocco, among its 512 passengers. Among the newcomers were 22 Argentinian, five British, and three Dutch youths.

Among the ship's passengers was Mr. Haim Lieberman, columnist for "Forward," the New York Yiddish daily (circulation 150,000). This is his first visit here since 1929. He is here on a special assignment for his paper to write three columns a week for about a year.

The 22 young immigrants from Argentina are of the Hashomer Hatzair movement and today joined the Nir Yitzhak and Revadim kibbutzim in the South. The five from the U.K. on completion of two years training at Thaxted, Essex, have come to settle at the Lavee and Shluchot kibbutzim. The group from Britain said that if hostilities broke out here, many more Jewish youth would take the ship for Israel as they did seven years ago.

Three Films Banned

Three films, one American and two French, have been banned by the Film Censorship Board on grounds of cruelty and "gangsterism." They are the "Rebellion of the Hanged," "Rififi" and "Les Impures."

LA PRENSA. — Mr. Alberto Gainza Paz, the former Editor of "La Prensa," the Buenos Aires newspaper seized by ex-President Peron in 1951, announced in New York that he was returning to Argentina from exile early next week.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
392, 249, 33.3 & 43.9 M.

News: Hebrew: 7 a.m., 1.30, 6.00, 6.15, 8.30 & 11.00 p.m. Arabic Programme (including News): 8 a.m., 2.15 & 6.30 p.m.

6.30 a.m. Service. 6.35 Exercise. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.15 Melodies (R). 9.00 Close Down.

12.00 N. Programme for Factory Workers (Haifa). 12.30 Housewives' Corner. 12.50 Requests (R). 1.45 Opera: Berlioz, Bizet, Delibes & Gounod. 3.30 Close Down.

4.00 p.m. Mifal Hapayis Draw. 4.15 Weekly Summary: Mishna Yomit. 4.30 Light Music (T.A.). 4.50 Where to Go (Jerusalem). 5.00 Mifal Ha'payis Draw. 5.15 Child's Corner. 5.30 Children's Hour. 7.00 Folklore. 7.02 "The Israel Industry." 7.15 Concert Hall: Frans Reitzenstein: Serenade; Svare Yonden: Suite on Norway Melodies. 8.15 Bible Reading. 8.45 The Knesset and its Committees. 9.15 Liszt: Piano Sonata in B-minor, played by Jaacov Shilo. 9.45 Sport Review. 9.55 Variety. 10.25 The "Kol-Yisrael" Orchestra, Conductor: Hanan Schlesinger. Soloist: Ruth Sharon. Works by Edel, P. Ben-Haim, Massenet, Donizetti, Verdi & Rossini. 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
497, 400, 235, 216, 43.9 & 33.3 M.

English News: 1.45, 10.15 p.m.
French News: 2.00 p.m.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR (33.3, 84.9 & 400 M.): 6.15 p.m. Programme for Yemenites. 6.30 French. 7.00 Yiddish. 7.30 Ladino. 8.00 Turkish. 8.15 Persian. 8.30 Close Down. 8.45 Rumanian. 9.00 Hungarian. 9.15 Close Down.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.3 M.): (South Africa Programme): 6.30 p.m. News. 6.40 Newsreel. 6.50 "From the Zimria." 7.05 French transmission to listeners in Congo.

11.15 p.m. News. 11.25 Newsreel. 11.35 Paul Ben-Haim.

ARMY PROGRAMME (44.6, 216, 235 & 228 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Fantasy. 7.00 Songs. 7.30 Series of Programmes on Arab countries. 8.00 Musical Quiz. 8.30 News. 8.45 Classical Request Programme. 9.30 Dance Music. 10.00 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: (16.79, 19.42, 15.93, 25.15 M.): 7.30-8.00 p.m. News. News Talk. Week's Features.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Ben Yehuda, 7 Ben Yehuda, 2811. Wallach, 23 Hiskiyahu, 2943.
TEL AVIV: Marpe, 77 Allenby, 3487. Nordau, 132 Ben Yehuda, 23575. Bloch, 32 Bloch, Greenberg, 46 King George, 26206. **JAFFA:** Galenica, 19 Rehov 4, 82420. **RAMAT GAN:** Talpiot, 30 Hillel. **GIVATAYIM:** Briut, 9 Syrkin, 72093. **HOLON:** Ribek, Kikar Struma. **PETAH TIKVA:** Kubo, 2 Pinsker. **HAIFA:** Nathan, 31 Joseph, 2364. New Britain, 67 Jaffa. **KIRYAT BIALIK:** Bialik, 7290. **SAFAD:** Feldmann. **NAHARIYA:** Nahariya.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. L. Romanoff, 11 Arlosoroff, 61217. Dr. S. Greenwald, 22 Bin Nun, 62963. Dr. Y. Shore, 26 Rashi.
TEL AVIV: Dr. N.L. Sacher, 54 Sokolow, 26332. Dr. I. Griffel, 5 Ben Yehuda, 23496. Dr. M. Shaham, 1 Syrkin, 25843.
HAIFA: Dr. Eparon, 67 Herzl, 3877. Dr. Sherman, 3 Hanevi'im, 3494. Dr. Ludwig, 24 Shivat Zion, 67417.

BUSINESSMEN! and owners of factories etc. Watch the classified column when you need staff — or advertise your needs in the Situation Vacant column of this paper — it pays.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

Your Lunch and Dinner at Hesse's Restaurant, Jerusalem, Tel. 4130. Excellent food and service. Oldest establishment in Israel.

★ **Entertainment:—**
Spend a pleasant evening in a cosy atmosphere in the Bar of the KING DAVID HOTEL. At the piano: Bondy. Every Saturday: Tea Dance in the Main Lobby of the Hotel as well as Dancing from 9 p.m. to 1 a.m.
TOURING CLUB RESTAURANT open nightly. Saturdays: Dinner Dance.

★ **Exhibitions:—**
1) Two Thousand Years of Chinese Painting. 2) French Paintings of the 20th Century. 3) Contemporary American Prints. 4) Paintings by Arie Aroch. Exhibit of the Month: Chinese Bowl and Saucer (17th Century) — New Acquisition. Bezalel Museum 9-1, 2-5.
1) Oil Paintings, Gouaches and Drawings by Sima Slonim. 2) Drawings by Aschheim. 3) Embroidered Pictures by Rosa Feigel. Also Exhibition of Applied Art: 1) M. Ahlfeld-Heyman — Masks. 2) N. Zmalering-Hanreck — Mosaics. 3) Zvi Gali — Ceramics. Artists House. Daily 10-1, 4-6. Fridays and Saturdays 10-1.
"Conquest of the Desert" permanent Exhibition on the grounds of the Jerusalem Convention Centre 10-1, 4-6.

TEL AVIV

Italian specialities, lunch, dinner, music, Lucky's Bar, 3 Allenby Rd.

★ **Exhibitions:—**
"Maskit" Israel Village Arts and Crafts, Woodcuts and Paintings by Jacob Steinhardt. New acquisitions by the Museum. Tel Aviv Museum, 10-1, 4-7; Fridays and Saturdays, 10-1.
Paintings by Yechiel Krize — Painters & Sculptors Pavilion — 9 Rehov Alharizi — 10-1, 4-7.

★ **Theatre:—**
Chamber Theatre, "Pantomime". Mograbi Hall, 8 p.m. (Tickets sold for Nov. 16 valid for this performance.)
Chamber Theatre, "The Castle," New Chamber Theatre, 8 p.m.
Habimah, "Medea," 8 p.m.

★ **Tourist Service:**
Square Dancing, Z.O.A. House, 8.30

HAIFA

★ **Theatre:—**
Chamber Theatre, "The Lady of the Manor." Armon, 9 p.m.

★ **Exhibitions:—**
Picasso lithographs, Carmel Studio, 3 Wedgwood Ave., 9-1, 4-7.

NATANYA

★ **Theatre:—**
Jewish Comedy Theatre, "Der Kopl Kive Vert A Tate," 8.30

ACCADIA BEACH

★ **Entertainment:—**
Dinner Dance at the Accadia Grand Hotel, 8.30 p.m.

PETAH TIKVA

★ **Theatre:—**
Habimah, Henry IV, 8 p.m.

BEERSHEBA

★ **Theatre:—**
Ohel, "Eldorado," 2 p.m.

RAMAT GAN

★ **Theatre:—**
DO-RE-MI, Rossi Barsoni in Holiday in Venice." Rama, 8.15

★ **Concert:—**
Ramat Gan Chamber Music Orchestra, 1st Subscription Concert, Beit Zvi Hall, 8.30 p.m.

RAANANA

★ **Theatre:—**
Yiddish Theatre, "The Singing Blacksmith" — Benzion Vitler, Shifra Lerer.

פנת

מס הכנסה

NOTICE TO SALARIED TAXPAYERS

Starting December 1, 1955, all salaried taxpayers should apply to the Assessment Officer in their own residential districts on all matters regarding Income Tax.

S. Africans Won By Innings, 30 Runs

We regret that, owing to a teleprinter break-down, the result of the cricket match between the South African Maccabi and Israel North Selected was incorrectly given. The North were sent in to bat the second time and scored 61, giving the tourists a win by an innings and 30 runs. The final score was: South Africa Maccabi, 149. Israel North XI, 58 and 61.

Using their second string bowlers mainly, the South Africans soon dismissed the local team, for whom only the captain, F.R. Woodeson, reached double figures. "Kappy" Kaplan was the most successful Springbok bowler in the North's second knock, taking three for 14 runs. Bonner, who had taken four for 13 (not 2 for 13 as given) in the first innings, captured one more in the second for a cost of two runs, making his match analysis five for 15; Sugarman took another in the second for one run, making his bowling figures for the match five for six; Ress took two for 13 and Wainstein one wicket.

The following team has been selected to represent Israel in the game against S.A. Maccabi at Ashkelon on Friday and Saturday next: Dr. B. Cohen (Tel Aviv) captain; P. Gillon (Ashkelon) vice-captain; J. Lewis (T.A.); D. Day, (T.A.); C. Mandelstam (Moshav Habonim); F. Hindmarsh (Jerusalem); J. Gibbins (J'lem); B. Daleski (J'lem); A. Hurwitz (Ashkelon); S. Kaplan (Ashkelon); M. Meyerowitz (Ashkelon).

CZECH ROLLING STOCK OFFERED CEYLON

COLOMBO, Wednesday (UP).— Czechoslovakia has offered to supply Ceylon with railway locomotives and other rolling stock on a long-term credit basis, it was disclosed here today.

A spokesman for the Czech trade delegation now negotiating with the Ministry of Commerce, said the offer was similar to deals made with India, Turkey, and Indonesia, where large projects have been launched on long-term credit.

RIUNIONE ADRIATICA DI SICURTA' — INSURANCE COMPANY LTD.

ESTABLISHED AT TRIESTE IN 1838 — PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1954 and 1953 — REGISTERED OFFICE IN MILAN

1953 Life Assurance It. Lire	1953 General Business It. Lire	INCOME	1954 Life Assurance It. Lire	1954 General Business It. Lire
16.025.590.235	6.233.045.978	Premium reserves and outstanding claims (at close of preceding year)	18.430.888.226	7.274.895.578
227.662.431	—	Balance of portfolios acquired and transferred	30.242.479	—
4.669.638.613	15.483.869.612	Premiums received	5.148.932.124	16.071.219.299
220.386.673	1.934.451.705	Policy fees and accessories	239.209.070	2.004.017.571
994.860.333	304.038.096	Interest on investment	1.072.906.436	355.168.950
33.710.571	181.124.410	Other income	52.724.115	123.622.152
—	67.210.959	Profit balance transferred from Life Branch	—	38.418.744
22.171.848.856	24.203.740.760		24.974.902.450	25.867.342.294

1953 Life Assurance It. Lire	1953 General Business It. Lire	OUTGO	1954 Life Assurance It. Lire	1954 General Business It. Lire
473.408.283	7.397.413.007	Premiums paid to reinsurers	541.522.543	7.707.288.167
1.015.435.492	3.976.555.413	Claims and payments for surrender of policies	1.255.142.408	4.500.838.008
1.911.457.802	4.124.428.271	Expenses of management and commissions	2.118.305.038	4.325.683.323
138.900.850	902.963.997	Taxes	146.655.058	949.440.567
76.859.567	181.195.230	Other expenditure	78.598.703	175.064.867
15.488.575.903	7.304.863.663	Premium reserves and outstanding claims at close of year	20.796.259.956	7.840.231.970
67.210.959	316.321.079	Profit balance of financial year	38.418.744	368.995.597
22.171.848.856	24.203.740.760		24.974.902.450	25.867.342.294

BALANCE SHEETS AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1954 and 1953

1953 Life Assurance	1953 General Business	LIABILITIES	1954 Life Assurance	1954 General Business
2.160.000.000	2.160.000.000	Share Capital	2.160.000.000	2.160.000.000
3.362.907.930	2.039.478.314	Special Reserves	3.544.358.057	2.428.340.671
—	1.435.100.000	Debenture Loan Proceeding from Merger of Subsidiary Real Estate Company ** "EDICEMI"	—	1.366.600.000*
18.488.575.903	7.204.863.663	Reserves for unexpired risks and claims outstanding	20.796.259.956	7.840.231.970
2.315.262.888	3.154.411	Other funds	2.308.753.268	3.665.929
576.992.911	4.570.088.809	Companies balances	606.557.650	5.202.410.371
632.989.584	398.966.497	Agents balances	480.187.822	498.434.550
123.195.909	—	Current account Gen. Business and Life Assurance	95.196.449	—
169.478.657	814.400.092	Sundry Creditors	220.461.858	1.076.637.353
—	5.616.100	Profit balance brought forward from preceding year	—	5.247.547
—	316.321.079	Profit balance of financial year	—	368.995.597
27.831.401.782	19.048.018.965		30.211.777.060	20.950.563.988
25.153.236	514.504.141	Record accounts	26.339.393	761.440.147
27.856.555.018	19.562.523.106		30.238.116.453	21.712.004.135

1953 Life Assurance	1953 General Business	ASSETS	1954 Life Assurance	1954 General Business
1.822.627.449	2.380.568.775	Cash on hand and deposits on current account with Banks	2.049.977.789	2.761.116.774
16.734.350.497*	1.809.404.655	Real Estate	16.884.534.528*	2.026.265.158
5.664.746.384	7.817.292.552	Securities	7.451.160.014	8.131.664.664
385.779.962	17.096.114	Loans to States and Municipalities and Mortgages	338.206.932	27.220.988
360.539.291	—	Loans on Life Policies	426.073.236	—
1.827.733.041	5.092.485.621	Companies balances	2.038.819.056	5.358.427.590
1.001.671.134	1.510.726.412	Agents balances	952.621.713	1.884.188.273
—	123.193.909	Current account Life Assurance and General Business	—	95.196.449
33.954.024	297.150.928	Sundry debtors	70.383.792	666.382.098
27.831.401.782	19.048.018.965		30.211.777.060	20.950.563.988
25.153.236	514.504.141	Record accounts	26.339.398	761.440.147
27.856.555.018	19.562.523.106		30.238.116.453	21.712.004.135

*) of which as at June 30, 1955—It. Lire 652,815,000 in possession of the Company (net of It. Lire 62,785,000 redeemed)
**) of which—as at June 25, 1954—It. Lire 684,536,000 in possession of the Company (net of It. Lire 30,190,000 redeemed)
•) of which It. Lire 1.739.160.000 proceeding from merger of Subsidiary Real Estate Company "EDICEMI."

REPORT OF AUDITORS

The above profit and loss accounts and the balance sheets represent in a condensed form the statements for the financial years 1954 and 1953, submitted to and approved by the general meetings of the shareholders on June 28, 1955, respectively on June 25, 1954.
The foregoing balance sheets are properly drawn up so as to present a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the Company.
Trieste, September 20, 1955.

AUDITORS U. HARABAGLIA, G. MANNI

ISRAEL PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEARS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1954 AND 1953

CREDIT	1953 IL.	1953 IL.	1954 IL.	1954 IL.
1. Profit transferred from Revenue Accounts:				
a) Loss of property and fire insurance	2,134		5,918	
b) Marine insurance	3,629		—	
		5,763		5,918
2. Interest and other income not credited to other accounts	675	675	961	961
3. Loss transferred to appropriation account (Head Office)		3,581		15,561
		10,019		22,460

DEBIT	1953 IL.	1953 IL.	1954 IL.	1954 IL.
1. Loss transferred from Revenue Accounts:				
a) Life assurance	9,450		8,971	
b) Marine insurance	—		12,182	
		9,450		21,153
2. General expenses not debited to other accounts		569		1,307
		10,019		22,460

Trieste, September 20, 1955.

Auditors: U. HARABAGLIA, G. MANNI

GENERAL AGENT IN ISRAEL: MATMON INVESTMENT TRUST LTD. 94 Allenby Road, Tel Aviv. Tel. 4715.

Presents
The Shrike
Starting Saturday, November 26, 1955, at the ARNON CINEMA, Jerusalem.
Certain to be the most talked about motion picture of the year. Produced, directed and acted by JOSE FERRER and with JUNE ALLYSON, the most popular star in U.S.A.
Based on the Pulitzer Prize winning play by JOSEPH KRAMM.



Today's Postbag

THE WEATHER

FORECAST: A cold air current is flowing into the East Mediterranean region. The weather will be partly cloudy, with isolated showers. In the late afternoon there will be an increase in cloudiness, and showers are expected.

	*A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	92	10	12	13
Tiberias	67	16	21	23
Haifa Port	56	17	21	21
Natanya	65	15	19	19
Tel Aviv North	60	15	19	19
Tel Aviv Port	—	16	20	20
Lydda Airport	75	12	18	19
Jerusalem	100	10	14	14
Beersheba	50	13	20	20
Eilat	22	15	20	28

*A) Humidity at 2 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday D) Maximum temp. expected today

• • •

FOUR FISHERMEN of the Yam-Suf Cooperative Eilat, were yesterday fined IL50 each for assaulting a fisherman, not in the Cooperative, by Magistrate Z. Aluf in the Eilat Magistrate's Court.

• • •

A HAIFA RESIDENT, Mr. Y. Nahum, yesterday informed the police that pickpockets had stolen IL300 from him while he was travelling on a No. 7 bus from the lower town to the Municipal *ghettoir*.

• • •

IL50 HAS BEEN given to the Weizmann Institute by the Rt. Reverend Bishop D.A. Thompson, of Felpham, Bognor Regis, England. Bishop Thompson wrote: "This is sent with our sincere and good wishes for peace and prosperity for Israel."

80-YEAR-OLD Eliezer Weissman, of Tel Aviv, was yesterday taken to the Donolo Hospital in Jaffa with severe food poisoning, after eating tinned meat that had been treated with rat poison.

• • •

"ABRAHAM'S TAMARISK" in Beersheba will be moved to the centre of the town, according to a recent decision of the Ministry for Religious Affairs and the Mayor of Beersheba, Mr. David Tuvyahu.

Plans for Gov't, Mekorot Ties

TEL AVIV, Wednesday.—A proposal to extend an equal third part ownership in Mekorot, the water company, to the Government, was put forward by Mr. Ze'ev Onn, Director of Hevrat Ovdim, the Histadrut holding company, at talks here today with representatives of Mekorot, the Agricultural Workers Union (Hamerkaz Hahaklai) and the "Nir" Co.

Mr. S. Blass, the water engineer, however, suggested that the ownership be divided so that Mekorot retained the regional water works and installations, and the Government took over construction of the national water projects, such as the Jordan-Negev pipe-line and major dams. A third proposal came from Mr. B. Repetor, of Ahdut Ha'avoda, who asked that the present status quo be maintained.

Mr. Onn recalled earlier talks on the subject which were begun in 1953, and reported that Mekorot capital amounted to IL20m., in the form of ordinary (voting) shares, (half of which were held by the National Institutions, and the other half by Hevrat Ovdim and the Nir Co. Ltd), preferred shares, and a third type of share known as "Water Rights" issues.

Te Hevrat Ovdim proposal suggested that the three part ownership be divided equally between the Government, the National Institutions and Hevrat Ovdim and its affiliates. The suggestion further demands that the Government exchange parts of its investments in the company for shares.

Mr. Blass's idea was that the Government would not sell the water, but "rent" it to Mekorot, thereby gaining influence on company policy.

Gov't Effort to Mend Defeat on Loans Bill

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The Government yesterday delivered its reply to the Herut and General Zionist Knesset factions, which on Tuesday took advantage of empty Coalition benches to emasculate the Loans Bill.

The reply was in form of a new bill entitled "Loan Bill No. 2" which was approved by the Cabinet yesterday morning and tabled in the Knesset shortly afterwards.

It authorizes the Government to borrow an additional IL5m. from banking institutions (including cooperative credit societies). It would thus restore the IL5m. which the Opposition cut down from the IL10m. provided in the earlier bill.

Yesterday's Knesset session was terminated at 12.25 p.m., after only an hour and seven minutes, presumably because of the weather. It was marked by intermittent electricity stoppages, which also affected the loudspeaker system. The House was about half full (57 hands were raised in one vote), and the gallery was practically empty.

Extradition Bill

The Knesset passed, without opposition, the first reading of an Amendment to the Extradition Law, which deals with the temporary extradition of persons wanted for a crime in another country while awaiting trial or serving sentence for another crime in Israel, or vice versa.

The House defeated an urgent motion for the agenda by Mr. Haim Ariav (General Zionist) calling for a debate on the demand for wage increases in the citrus industry. A motion by Mr. E. Shostak (Herut) to refer the matter to the Labour Committee was also defeated. Mr. Ariav said that the Farm Workers Union has demanded wage increase of 10-15 per cent for all workers in the industry, including packers.

He thought it wrong that, in these days, when the Minister of Finance was warning of the dangers of wage increases, an industry so vital to the economy and to our export trade should be the one chosen for higher pay.

Both pickers and packers were getting a decent wage, Mr. Ariav declared. Moreover, workers who exceeded the norms earned more. The additional wage cost would make it increasingly difficult to compete with North African and Spanish citrus, he charged.

No Intervention

The Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, asked that the motion be struck from the agenda since neither the Government nor the Knesset had any right to intervene formally in wage matters.

The issue should not be confused with the general economic situation, Mr. Eshkol asserted. "Surely it has no connection with the gap (between imports and exports) or with the market, and the oranges will roll and will be carried on ships whether the grove owners end up with IL5 more or less."

Mr. Ariav's motion was overwhelmingly defeated, while Mr. Shostak's motion received 20 votes against 37. Hapoel Hamizrahi and Mr. G. Schocken (Progressive) joined Herut and the General Zionists in supporting the motion, while the Communists and Poalei Agudat Yisrael joined the bulk of the Coalition in rejecting it. Dr. Y. Foerder (Progressive) abstained.

The Speaker announced that next week there would be sessions only on Monday and Tuesday. The reason, it is understood, is that the new Government has not yet prepared sufficient material for consideration by the Knesset.

AUTUMN BUDGET BALANCE SHEET

REVENUE

	IL.	IL.	IL.
Income Tax		10,500,000	
Customs		22,000,000	
Fuel		2,000,000	
Excise Tobacco	2,000,000		
Alcohol	1,000,000		
Cement	2,000,000		
Tires	500,000		
		11,500,000	
Purchase Tax (20%)		3,551,000	
Travel Tax		500,000	
Stamp Duty		1,50,000	
Licence Fees		(—) 2,500,000	
Land Registry		500,000	
Absorption Tax transferred to Development		(—) 9,000,000	
Collections a/a of interest and sundries		2,065,000	
TOTAL ORDINARY REVENUE			58,400,000
Income transferred from other authorities			2,100,000
Post Office Income			3,000,000
Income from Ports			2,500,000
Collections a/a of loans & Govt. property		3,000,000	
Loans from Insurance & Pension Funds		7,000,000	
Telephone Installations		1,400,000	
Counter-part for U.S. Surplus Food		22,000,000	
Loans from financial institutions		5,000,000	
Transferred from Ordinary Budget for Immigrant Absorption		9,000,000	
Total from Counter-Part Funds & Loans for Development and Debt Retirement			40,000,000
TOTAL REVENUE			113,000,000

EXPENDITURE

	IL.	IL.
Prime Minister's Office	575,400	
Ministry of Finance	279,500	
Health	1,370,000	
Religious Affairs	200,000	
Foreign Affairs	236,700	
Education	1,700,000	
Agriculture	35,000	
Commerce and Industry	5,000	
Police	225,000	
Justice	12,700	
Labour	8,190,000	
Interior	1,018,000	
Invalids' Pensions	297,500	
Compensation for Damage in World War II	600,000	
Pensions and Compensation for Officials & Families of Ministers	570,000	
TOTAL EXPENDITURE FOR MINISTRIES		15,500,000
Reserve for increased salaries		2,600,000
Subsidies for essential goods		22,000,000
Special Allocations		16,000,000
Transferred Funds		2,100,000
Post Office & Transport Expenditure		5,500,000
DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURE		
Agriculture	18,650,000	
Development of the Arava	65,000	
Industry	2,650,000	
Quarries and Mines	3,600,000	
Transport	1,310,000	
Post Office	1,400,000	
Housing	18,890,000	
Public Buildings	750,000	
Public Works	550,000	
Sundry Funds	580,000	40,000,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURE		113,000,000

IL113m. Allocated

(Continued from Page 1)

Counterpart Fund derived from American farm surpluses. Until now, two allocations, totalling $13.8m. have been made by the U.S. The first was for aid to the country during last year's drought, and the second was in food which went to increase stocks. Another $8m.-$10m. allocation is expected before the end of the fiscal year.

Under the agreement with the U.S., the Government may use a certain part of the Counterpart Fund (estimated at IL23m.) for development.

The IL9m. for new immigrants was transferred from the Ordinary Budget, as already noted. The remaining IL2.5m., listed in the Ordinary Budget as derived from additional excise, will be spent within the framework of the Ordinary Budget on North African immigrants.

A sum of IL7m., specified as loans from insurance, pension and provident funds, constitutes a direct increase in the Government debt, as does the IL5m. specified as loans from financial institutions. A bill dealing with the latter sum was tabled in the Knesset yesterday.

The final IL5m. listed will come from telephone installation fees and revenue from Government property.

Employment Project

The main items of expenditure are approximately IL45m. for employment projects and new housing schemes, mainly for new immigrants. Of the IL8,190,000 allocated to the Ministry of Labour, IL7.4m. is to finance unemployment projects for newcomers. In the Development Budget, of the IL18,650,000 allocated for the Ministry of Agriculture, IL8,360,000 is for housing.

Of the IL18,890,000 for housing in the Development Budget, IL18,240,000 is for new immigrants. Of this, IL5,250,000 is earmarked to build 2,000 units for North African immigrants and IL5m. to cover increased expenses of completed building projects. A sum of IL6m. is to go for a three-year building project which it had been intended to include in a future budget. (Another IL5.5m. is to be spent on housing by the Jewish Agency. This figure, of course, does not appear in these budgets).

Of the IL1,370,000 provided for the Ministry of Health, IL480,000 is to go for developing the Salk vaccine against infantile paralysis and the remainder for higher salaries for the doctors.

Salk Vaccine

A sum of IL546,200, listed as going for the Prime Minister's Office, is in reality for the newly-founded Government Tourist Corporation. Of the Ministry of Education and Culture's IL3,280,000, the largest single item, IL1,941,300, goes for higher expenses in elementary education, mainly for immigrant children. Another IL173,100 is for lunches for these children. The funds expended by the Ministry of Interior for the elections to the Third Knesset, IL1,018,000, are being returned to the Ministry.

A total of IL2,325,000 of the IL3m. going to the Ministry of Posts will be to repay loans and to finance projects specified in other expenditure items. The Ministry of Transport is to spend its IL2.5m. in similar ways.

Higher Salaries

For salary increases approved as a result of the 1955 Wage Committee (Guri) report, IL2.6m. is earmarked. Salaries are expected to rise by IL4,250,000, but the figure of IL2.6m. will be sufficient since the Government found that it could reduce the expenses of certain Ministries by IL2m. while several ministries undertook to pay their officials the extra IL1,650,000 from their own budgets.

The Government has allocated IL22m. to subsidize basic foods and promote exports. The National institutions had been expected to provide IL16.5m. in income derived from the $1-IL1.300 exchange rate, but since the exchange rate was raised to $1-IL1.800, this did not materialize. Also, the institutions imported goods instead of transferring funds. The Government also decided to increase the subsidy funds by IL6m.

In the Development Budget, with the allocations for agriculture, IL7.2m. of the agriculture allotment is for loans to help drought-stricken settlements, while IL2.7m. is for loans to farmers to compensate them for losses following increases in rate exchanges.

Of the IL3.6m. allocated for quarries and mines, IL3,250,000 is a loan to the Dead Sea Works. This should enable it to start full production.

The Negev railway is to get IL500,000 while IL810,000 is for the purchase of three Diesel locomotives.

Working Women To Intensify Work

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — The seventh conference of working women came to an end in the Habimah Theatre here late tonight after three days of purposeful discussion on the activities of the women's organizations of the Histadrut, with the majority approval of decisions intended to intensify their work in the fields of education and social welfare, and the determination to fight for the full equality of rights and responsibilities of employed women.

A strong demand was made for the Histadrut to admit Arabs as full members, with particular emphasis on the rise in status which such a move would give to the Arab woman. More stringent application of the Compulsory Education Law was also demanded.

In questions of foreign policy the women followed the line of their parties in the newly formed Government, but in domestic Histadrut affairs, Ahdut Ha'avoda and Mapam returned to the opposition.

Water Meters May Save 320m. Cub. m. a Year

A quarter of a million water meters will be produced locally within the next five years to meet the need when the law to limit the consumption of water comes into effect, it was announced yesterday by Mr. P. Kaufman, Director of the Measuring Department of the Water Authority.

It is estimated that the law will result in a saving of 320,000,000 cubic metres of water a year. This represents 40 per cent of the country's present consumption.

Locusts Quit Israel

BEERSHEBA, Wednesday. — There were no locusts remaining in Israel today, when the last swarm left after spending a brief period here.

It is reported that large swarms of red locusts have settled in the Jericho area in Jordan.

Ramle Gives Defence Fund IL 100,000

Over IL100,000 has been contributed for Arms for Defence by the citizens of Ramle, the Municipality announced yesterday.

Deposits in the Defence Fund account at the Bank of Israel totalled IL3,433,000 at the close of business on Tuesday.

Former inmates of Nazi extermination camps have collected IL100 from members of their organization, which is itself maintained by contributions and serves to help needy comrades.

A performance is being given at the Habimah Theatre this evening, the entire proceeds of which are to be devoted to the fund. Among the artists who will appear are Hanna Rovina, Hanna Meron, Leah Deganit, Meir Margalit, Refael Klatchkin, Aharon Meskin, Yosef Yadin and Yehoshua Bertonov.

At the end of December, a gala performance of Moshe Shamir's new play "The War of the Sons of Light and the Sons of Darkness" will be presented by the Chamber Theatre under the patronage of the Prime Minister and Mrs. Ben-Gurion, the proceeds of which, estimated at IL50,000, are to pay for a military aircraft. Tickets will cost IL50 and IL100, and in order to obtain a country-wide audience, all *kibbutzim* and major institutions are to buy from two to four tickets each.

Three hundred pounds have been collected by a group of soldiers in memory of a comrade who fell at Nitzana on November 3. IL11,000 has come from the Tel Aviv Chamber of Commerce, and the Fund has been further swelled by donations of IL5,000 from Rassco and IL3,000 from Mata, the margarine factory, IL2,525 of which came from the employees.

Teachers Present Modified Demands

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — The Teachers Association agreed last night to grant a further 10-day respite to the Minister of Education, Mr. Z. Aranne, in which to consider their claims for salary increases. The Minister had requested the time on the grounds that he had only just entered upon his duties. He promised that he would do his utmost to reach a "reasonable solution" and that the increases would be retroactive from July.

The influence of the new coalition Government was apparent in that the decision was agreed to by Ahdut Ha'Avoda and Mapam representatives, who had hitherto taken a very militant stand.

The proposals of the Histadrut Trade Union Department, which were said to have approached those of the Association, were accepted with a number of amendments.

The teachers' claims now before the Government include the following: highest grade teachers (M.A.), whose basic salary is now IL92, to be increased to IL130, rising to IL260 with 30 years' seniority; 10 per cent less to teachers with B.A. degrees, now also receiving IL92; elementary school teachers, whose present grade VI salary is IL81, to receive from IL92 to IL192.

It is proposed that uncertificated teachers be granted the salary of certificated elementary school teachers less 10 to three per cent, with the deductions going to a fund to assist such teachers to qualify.

Higher Customs On 'Unapproved' Imports

The customs authorities have increased duties on all goods imported without foreign currency allocations in order to adjust the differences between local retail prices and the original cost in foreign currency, it is learned from Finance Ministry sources. The duty is calculated in accordance with the customs law, and takes into account the original cost in foreign currency of the product and the local merchandising mark-up.

The authorities make adjustments when market fluctuations so require to prevent importers from making excessive profits.

Mass Lung Checks In Haifa, Galilee

HAIFA, Wednesday. — A mobile minograph for mass lung examinations in the north of the country will be operated by the Ministry of Health and Kupat Holim from December 1, Mr. S. Resnik, Director of the Histadrut's Sick Fund in the Northern Area, told the newly formed control commission of the fund here this week. A second minograph is already in operation at the Kupat Holim Geula clinic here.

(In the minograph system, a fluroscope imprints an image of the chest on 35mm. film. The method is fast and cheap.)

Mr. Resnik stated that the fund's budget in the Haifa area totalled almost IL6m., of which about IL2.5m. was collected from employers' contributions. In the Greater Haifa area, some 160,000 residents, about 65 per cent of the population, get Kupat Holim treatment in 50 clinics; 10 first aid stations; X-ray institutes; departments for specialized treatment, and a central laboratory. The staff totals nearly 1,000, including 280 doctors, 280 nurses and 150 other medical personnel. About 450 beds in the town's hospitals are reserved for members; 12,000 members are treated daily while the fund's doctors make some 200 sickbed calls every day.

The fund also carries out preventive treatment and runs an industrial department for factory workers. It also has 28 infant care stations, 18 for expectant mothers, while 15,000 schoolchildren are under its supervision.

RAMAT GAN, Wednesday. — More than 85,000 Histadrut members living in the Dan area will be served by the five Kupat Holim clinics which were opened today without ceremony in Kiryat Borochov, Pardess Katz, Zahala, Hadar Yosef and Ramat Hayil. Each clinic has a dispensary and a laboratory.

New Bottle for Blood

HAIFA, Wednesday. — The Phoenicia Glass Works here have just completed the production of 50,000 special bottles for the storage of blood donated to Magen David Adom. So far, eight different types of bottle have been used for this purpose and, as none of them has been quite satisfactory, the blood banks have been hampered in their work.

The new bottle was developed by Dr. N. Wolff, of Tel Aviv, Director of M.D.A.'s blood bank services.

BUS STATION FOR TIBERIAS

TIBERIAS, Wednesday.—A bus terminus is to be constructed on a three-dunam site in the lower town here, at a cost of IL200,000, Egged announced here today. It will contain office space, passenger facilities, approach roads and 10 platforms in the first stage, to be extended to 20 later on.

From Sunday, a new bus line will link the downtown business centre with Upper Tiberias, the new quarters on the hilltop, a distance of five-and-a-half kilometres. After long negotiations, Egged agreed to reduce the projected fare from 150 pruta to 110, but will be compensated by a five prutot increase on two urban lines and 10 pruta on the route to the hot springs. The negotiations have held up the transfer of many *ma'bara* residents to new homes in Upper Tiberias.

IL500 FINE FOR THEFT, FORGERY

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA, Wednesday. — Eliyahu Tamri, 25, an employee of Hamashbir La'oleh, pleaded guilty to forging orders from his firm's store, taking from the store two tons of chicken feed worth IL4,000 and stealing an order book, before District Court Relieving Judge S. Kassan here today. He stated that he had made good the damage. The offences were committed last November. Judge Kassan fined him IL500 and imposed a three-year suspended sentence.

BEGGAR PUTS UP OWN IL20 BAIL

HAIFA, Wednesday. — Meir Golodinsky, who was charged with begging at a wedding here, pulled IL20 out of his pocket for his own bail, when he was remanded in that sum in the Magistrate's Court here this morning.

Women Will Talk

A quarrel between two women neighbours in Jerusalem led to the arrest of eight girls who have been evading conscription.

The police, acting on information given in an anonymous letter, arrested one of the parties to the quarrel for evading the draft. The next day, a second anonymous letter stated that the other woman was also evading army service. Further accusations and counter-accusations followed, as a result of which a total of eight women were detained. They have all been released on bail pending trial.

11 Hashish Smokers Seized on Rooftop

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — A hashish den was discovered by the police today on the roof of a house in Rehov Hakovshim here.

The police report that, following numerous complaints from neighbours of 116 Rehov Hakovshim, about the noise made by youngsters on the roof, they raided the place after midnight last night and found 11 persons, all in their early twenties, floating on hashish fumes. A tin suspected of containing the drug was also discovered.

At the Rehov Yehuda Halevy police station, the suspects ran amok, and began to smash window panes. They quietened down only after being locked up.

DRUG SUSPECT HITS OFFICER

Shalom Dra'i, 32, of Jerusalem, suspected of smoking hashish, yesterday assaulted the Chief of the Economic Police Division in Jerusalem, during the course of an investigation in the Division's headquarters. In addition to the narcotics indictment, he will also be charged with assaulting an officer carrying out his duty. *(Itim)*

Henya Yatom Claims She 'Knows Nothing'

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — "What do you want from me — I know nothing," Mrs. Henya Yatom, held on suspicion of poisoning two children of Kibbutz Ma'barot, said today when taken for interrogation at the Lydda police station.

It is learned that Mrs. Yatom spends her days reading the newspapers, and has animated discussions on world problems with her woman jailors. The chief of the Central District Criminal Investigation Branch, Assistant Superintendant I. Singer, visits her several times a day for questioning.

The officer refrained from commenting on the progress of the investigations, but promised an official statement in the next few days.

REMAND EXTENDED IN SMUGGLING CASE

TEL AVIV, Wednesday. — Yeheskiel Katsav, the third suspect involved in the currency smuggling transactions of Zion Morad and Nissim Sharabani, who was remanded for 24 hours yesterday, had his remand extended to seven days by Magistrate Y. Treivish here today.

DIES PLAYING CARDS

Sudden death, attributed to a heart attack, overtook Mr. Arie Hen, 49, while he was playing bridge on Tuesday night at the Y.M.C.A. Card Club. The body was taken to Hadassah Hospital for an autopsy. *(Itim)*

Cables in Brief

EDINBURGH. — The Mayor of Edinburgh, Scottish capital, yesterday invited the Bolshoi Theatre Ballet of Moscow to the famous Edinburgh Festival. Welcoming a group of Soviet scientists to the city, Lord Provost John Banks urged its members to use their influence to send the ballet company to the festival.

NAZI. — Otto Strasser, a former top Nazi who broke with Hitler in 1930 to form the "Black Front," announced in Munich he will lead a new party in West Germany's next elections in 1957.

ENVOY. — Mr. Sergei Nemchina has been appointed Soviet Ambassador to Syria.

REDUCTION. — The U.S. Army has announced that it is cutting the 1st Cavalry Division, now stationed in Japan, by some 4,000 men in a further reduction of American troop strength in the Far East.

POPULATION. — Tokyo announced that it had a population of 8,033,521 persons as of October 1 this year. The newspaper "Yomiuri" claimed yesterday that this made Tokyo the world's second largest city, next only to New York and ahead of London.

FUJIYAMA. — Japan's sacred snow-capped Mount Fuji yesterday claimed the life of a 19-year-old climber, Juichi Igarashi, the third in a little more than 24 hours. He was blown off a crag near the summit by strong winds and fell several hundred feet.

RIOT. — Sweden has demanded LT22,000 compensation from Turkey for damage done to Swedish property during disturbances in Istanbul last September. Eight shops in the Swedish Consulate, hired out to businessmen, were damaged.

Syria Not Entitled To Stop I.P.C. Oil Flow

Syria has no right to prevent oil from flowing from Kirkuk, in north Iraq, to Banyas, through the I.P.C. pipeline crossing Syrian territory, according to informed sources in London quoted in Arab reports. According to the 1931 agreement, amended in 1950, between the company and Syria, the latter is forbidden to interfere with the oil flow.

The sources also denied rumours that the present negotiations regarding royalties, now being conducted in Damascus by a member of the I.P.C. Board of Directors, are about to be broken off.

"The Times" (London) special correspondent had written from Beirut last week that these "protracted and so far fruitless" negotiations had reached a "critical stage" and that "the possibility cannot be discounted that the talks will end in failure and the Syrians will forbid further passage of oil across their territory."

Meanwhile, "The New York Times" reported yesterday that the Yemen has granted her first oil and mineral concession to an American company. The report said that the Yemen Development Corporation of Washington has disclosed that it had signed a 30-year agreement for exclusive exploration and development rights in the Red Sea kingdom. It covers 40,000 square miles. *(ANA, 'El Jihad', Reuter)*

Heavy Rains Drench Country

(Continued from Page 1)

rain of the night was to the north and east of the city. In the Ramle and Lydda district, an average of 60 mm. fell during the same period and Ein Hahoresh had 62.5 mm. Even Tiberias and Haifa had more rain this time than Tel Aviv, although the total that has fallen over the latter this season is more than four times that which has worried the North.

Double Attack in Negev

The Negev suffered a double attack from an electrical rainstorm and a severe sandstorm. The locusts were replaced by the weather as a topic of conversation in Beersheba as with the breakdown in communications until yesterday evening, no news of their whereabouts could be received. A weather bulletin issued at 3 p.m. said that the Central Negev had become the meeting place of the sandstorm from the South and the rainbelt coming in from the North. Negev settlers told our Beersheba correspondent that the rain was beneficial, even though some 100,000 dunams had to be left unsown.

The heavy rain which fell in the South during Tuesday night and yesterday reached Beer-Tuvia by the morning and then moved further South. Our Rehovot correspondent reports that the downpour there was the most powerful for years. Several streets were blocked by flood waters and a park in the centre of the town was converted into a lake. Municipal workers dug hurried channels in many parts of the town to divert the fast flowing streams. So far this year, over 85 mm. more rain has fallen in Rehovot than in the same period last year.

The Zarnuga Bet *ma'bara* near there was the scene of a flood which drove seven families out of their huts; they were given other accommodation by the police.

Lydda police also removed four families from their houses in the old part of that town because the heavy rainfall there made them dangerous to live in. Police and firemen in both towns worked long hours throughout the night and the day rescuing, baling, cleaning and keeping up the morale of the flood victims.

Traffic Interrupted

Although the night's rain was nowhere as intense or as heavy as the previous floods this year, several roads in the country were rendered impassable. Some 40 children of Moshav Neve Yarak, who go to school in Kfar Malal, could not reach home yesterday, because the road from Ramatayim to Petah Tikva was flooded. They were put up by friends. They were being well looked after by the parents of their Ramatayim schoolmates and were rather enjoying the experience. A group of 20 adults from the same *Moshav*, who work away from home, were also put up in Ramatayim. Police were stationed near the flooded part of the road redirecting drivers along the Ra'anana-Herzliya road.

Traffic was also stopped on the road between Gan Shmuel and Hadera, where it rained heavily and almost without pause during the day. The volume of water brought down from the Sharon Hills by the Hadera river flooded large areas on both sides, doing extensive damage to field crops. Water held up traffic on the roads to the Sharon settlements and Afula. At noon yesterday traffic from Hadera to Pardess Hanna was redirected by the police. Two truck drivers decided to ignore the police warning and moved into the stream, only to get stuck half way. Police and fire brigade tenders pulled them out after a policeman, wading in water up to his chest, tied a cable onto the floodbound vehicles.

In coastal towns and villages the strong winds felled trees and telegraph poles, and covered long stretches of road with sand. Both the wind and the rain disrupted telephone communications during the day and the few inter-urban lines available were overloaded.

In the Holon *ma'bara*, six huts were rendered uninhabitable and the occupants were housed temporarily in the school. A woman and her two children, as well as two 17-year-old girls, were slightly injured when a single-storey house in Moledet collapsed; they were taken to the Donolo hospital in Jaffa, the children being discharged later. The father, who was not at home when the house collapsed, is already rebuilding it.

Welcome to Farmers

The general opinion among farmers is that the rain and the drop in temperature are welcome, but citrus growers are of two minds because, although the cooler weather well help them fight the Mediterranean fruit fly, the rain has delayed orange picking and may prevent them from meeting export commitments.

IT'S WORSE IN SYRIA

The heaviest rains in "dozens of years" fell in the past two days in Syria, ANA reports from Damascus.

The main communication routes with the provinces were disrupted and seven bridges on the Damascus-Homs road were severely damaged.

We announce with sorrow the death of

Judy Strauss

Gesher Haziv

Laughter in Paradise
Armon David Cinema, Tel Aviv
Sat., Nov. 26

EXCELLENT **Secretary**
Hebrew-English shorthand, German typing, seeks suitable position in Tel Aviv.
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"SABOR" The Robot
Tonight, Nov. 24, Kiryat Haim 4.30 and 8.30 p.m.
Tomorrow, November 25, Haifa Amphitheatre, 8.30 p.m.
Saturday, Nov. 26, Tel Aviv Z.O.A. 5.30, 7.15, 9.15 p.m.
Sunday, November 27, Afula 4 and 8.30 p.m.
Monday, Nov. 28, Ramatayim 4 and 8 p.m.
Tuesday, Nov. 29, Natanya 4 and 7 p.m.
Wednesday, Nov. 30, Nes Ziona 4 and 8.30 p.m.
Particulars on Posters.

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Tonight, Nov. 24 Ohel Shem 9.15
Tomorrow, Nov. 25 Ohel, Beit Arlosoroff 3.30
Saturday, Nov. 26, Ramat Gan, "Ziratron" 8.30
Nov. 28 Richon Le Zion — Nov. 29 Jerusalem
Nov. 30 Kiryat Haim — Dec. 1 Jaffa, "Noga" Cinema
PARTICULARS ON POSTERS

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RAMAT AVIV Garden Hotel
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Through the medium of this newspaper we wish to thank all those who have so kindly donated to the "HELEN KELLER HOME"

BELOW IS ANOTHER DONORS LIST FOR THE YEAR 1952 UNTIL NOW:

IL100—Central Office of Crushed Stones, Herzliya, Tel Aviv.
IL 90—Meshi Sacks Ltd., Tel Aviv.
IL 76—Ampa Ltd., Tel Aviv.
IL 75—Labour Federation of Agudat Israel, Tel Aviv; The Consolidated Drilling Co. Ltd.; Women Labour Council, General Federation of Jewish Labour, Tel Aviv.
IL 64—Marcus Gutman, Tel Aviv; "Hamakdim" Taxi Drivers Association, Petah Tikva.
IL 50—Africa-Palestine Investment Co. Ltd., Tel Aviv; Amcor Ltd., Tel Aviv; Yokneam Local Council.
IL 46—Massada Ltd., Tel Aviv; WIZO, Tel Aviv; Kibbutz Massada; Palbric Ltd., Tel Aviv.
IL 40—Sharon Lodge (Habonim Hahofshim), Tel Aviv; Kaiser-Fraser of Israel Ltd., Tel Aviv.
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IL 25—Barzelit Metal Works Ltd., Tel Aviv; Workers Committee, Va'ad Hapoel, General Federation of Jewish Labour in Erets Israel, Tel Aviv; Workers Committee, Jerusalem Electric and Public Service Corp. Ltd., Jerusalem; Socony Vacuum Oil Co. of Israel, Tel Aviv; Bnei Brak Labour Council; Moshav Beit Hanan; Tnuva Ltd., Jerusalem.
IL 15—"Zamir," Sweets Factory, Tel Aviv; S. Levi, Tel Aviv; Honig, Tel Aviv; Ch. Igel, Tel Aviv; Mizrahi Bank Ltd., Tel Aviv; A. Basiuk and M. Rosenshein, Tel Aviv; B. Gutfreund, Tel Aviv; Moshe Reifen, Petah Tikva; Dr. Kapian, Tel Aviv; Dr. Rotenberg, Haifa; Ruhrberg & Kropach, Tel Aviv; Sh. Feig, Tel Aviv; Finion Bros., Petah Tikva; "Gestetner," Israel Duplicator Co. Ltd., Tel Aviv.
IL 10—Avnal, Ramat Gan; Urban Metalurgical Works Ltd., Tel Aviv; Reali School, Haifa; Ellern's Bank Ltd., Haifa; Ch. Greenbaum, Petah Tikva; A. Hadar, Tel Aviv; 'Hapoel' Sports Union, Tel Aviv.
IL 6—A. & A. Levy, Petah Tikva; N. Segal, Tel Aviv; S. Levi, Ramat Gan; K. Adler, Natanya; M. Hochman, Holon.

We appeal to the general public, various institutions and organizations, factories, businessmen and industrialists, workers, farmers, and members of the free professions, to give a helping hand to complete Helen Keller's Home which is being erected in Tel Aviv, and which will serve as a social, cultural, educational and vocational centre for the deaf and mute in Israel.

Contributions are accepted at the following places:

a. Our offices at 19 Rehov Herzl, Tel Aviv.
b. All branches of Bank Leumi, Account No. 12069 at the central office, 19 Rehov Herzl, Tel Aviv.
c. Bank Hadoar, Account No. 41237.
d. Social Work Centre, P.O.B. 1908, Tel Aviv.

We gratefully accept such varied contributions as: building materials, furniture, books etc., which are needed by our institution. We are prepared to dedicate sections of the institution to commemorate people in whose names we receive special contributions.

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Smiling and Frowning at Will

No Consistency to be Expected from Moscow's Jewish Policy

By YEHOSHUA GILBOA

RECENT British policy has been criticized for obscurity and confusion. One thing, however, is plain as day — Britain is in full retreat from the Three - Power Declaration of May 25, 1950. It was widely remarked that Sir Anthony Eden did not mention the Declaration in his Guildhall speech two weeks ago; and it is supposed that this was no mere forgetfulness or chance. The Declaration had occupied so honoured a place in every statement of British Middle Eastern policy during five and a half years that it had become the very symbol, as it had been the pride, of that policy as enunciated by successive Prime Ministers and Foreign Secretaries.

RETREAT FROM 1950

On Tuesday in the House of Commons Sir Anthony Eden reverted to the Declaration, but only to give it meanings which it had never borne before, and to deny that it meant what it had always been stated to mean. If he was correctly reported, Sir Anthony has now said that "there was nothing in the Declaration about the maintenance of an arms balance between the Arab states and Israel." Yet just a year ago, on November 2, 1954, he told the House of Commons: "I want to make it quite clear that we are going to make these (arms) deliveries only on the basis of the 1950 Declaration, that is to say that **we shall continue to keep a balance as between Israel and the Arab states collectively.**"

Under the terms of the Three-Power Declaration, the signatories "reaffirm . . . their opposition to the development of an arms race between the Arab states and Israel." As Israel, by seeking to buy arms to counter the rising threat from Egypt, might be thought to be engaging in an arms race with Egypt, the British Government has apparently decided that this situation can be met only by refusing to sell Israel arms and so ensuring that she will be a non-starter in the race. To sell arms to Israel would make the chances too even, and perhaps her prospect of survival too great; while selling them to Egypt of course makes it certain that there will not be a race at all.

It is not surprising that the ugly word "Munich" has been bandied about. The Munich policy was cynical and blind; Britain's policy today is, at best, just cynical. It is not surprising that it has not been echoed by the United States. British diplomacy and propaganda have done their best to create the impression that Sir Anthony Eden's pronouncement of November 9 received the prior approval of the American Government. Not only is there no evidence that this was the case; there is every evidence that this was certainly not the case. The U.S. Government has since explicitly reaffirmed that its own policy is based on the statements of the President and the Secretary of State and has carefully avoided saying that it endorses the Guildhall statement of Sir Anthony Eden. Indeed, it has gone out of its way explicitly to reaffirm its support of the same Three-Power Declaration from which the British Government started two weeks ago to back-pedal with such energy. Where Sir Anthony Eden has come to bury the Declaration, Mr. John Foster Dulles has come to praise it.

What is Israel to make of all this? It gives no one in this country any pleasure to see the United States and Great Britain divided among themselves. But the signs are incontrovertible. While America pursues what has hitherto been understood as the common policy of these two Powers, Britain has all of a sudden, without notice or consultation, gone off at a tangent — pulled by that same magnetic force which always seems to draw her towards the Arab cause. If there is confusion today about Western policy, it has been sown in London; and the situation can be mended from London alone. It is not too late for Sir Anthony Eden to undo the harm he did that night at the Lord Mayor's Banquet with a speech that was, to quote the "Spectator," "so ill-advised as to be positively disastrous." Ill-advised it undoubtedly was, but disaster can still be averted — if the British Government is quick at getting back on to the rails.

AFTER the resumption of diplomatic relations with the Soviet Union in 1953, Israel public opinion regained some of the optimism that it had entertained during the Gromyko Era about Russia's attitude towards the Jewish question.

For the trained eye, the symptoms were nearly unmistakable, beginning with the playing of "Hatikva" in the Moscow railroad station and the flying of the blue-and-white flag at the Dynamo stadium, and ending with the behaviour of the new Soviet Ambassador to Israel, Mr. Abramov, who travelled widely, made friends everywhere, impressed everyone by his informality and took several opportunities to make such declarations as "You can be sure that modern Hebrew literature is read in the Soviet Union."

As reciprocal trade grew, Israel sailors were allowed to visit Soviet shores, and Soviet crews on shore leave in our cities permitted themselves to get into conversations with just plain citizens. Israel businessmen and students visited Russia — individual Soviet Jews were allowed to immigrate to Israel.

No More Jewish Noses

Simultaneously with the abrupt clearing, in the spring of 1953, of the Jewish doctors who had been accused of conspiring to kill Soviet leaders, there came the disappearance of the anti-Semitic tone that had marked the anti-cosmopolitan campaign of 1949-52, during which the negative and the unpleasant characters in novels had been endowed with Jewish-sounding names and internationalists and profiteers in political cartoons sported Jewish noses. Just recently, the periodical "Party Life" called again for an active war on anti-Semitic tendencies, though it is not encouraging to note that, 38 years after the Revolution, there is still need for such a call.

Soviet Russia thus seemed to be back at the "Jews but not Jewishness" stage. Any manifestations of Jewish national culture were apparently banned, but the Jews themselves were recognized as Jews, which made it possible for the observer to draw some interesting conclusions. The literary monthly, "Novi Mir," for instance, summing up the writers conference of December, 1954, wrote that 71 of the participants were Jews as against 250 Russians, 71 Ukrainians, etc. The figure grows more significant when we recall that there are 30 million Ukrainians in the Soviet Union.

During the "campaign of smiles" that preceded the Summit Conference at Geneva, the Russians even appeared to be thinking over their stand on Jewish culture. After five years of vain inquiries, it looked as if they were going to disclose the fate of the numerous Jewish literary figures who had been silenced during the official reaction to the growth of Jewish national feeling in Russia in the Gromyko Era. Some of the Soviet writers and journalists who have visited the U.S. lately attributed this disappearance to the destruction wrought by the Germans; others noted that Yiddish works are still being published in the U.S.S.R.

The Jewish writer, Boris Polevoy, said that he was writing an introduction for a Russian translation of a collection of Yiddish poems by Leib Kvitko — and at about the same time Kvitko had published a poem in the Warsaw "Folks Stimme." The organ of the Soviet Writers Association has lately printed a translation of a Yiddish poem by Aharon Wergila. It is reported from Warsaw that Ida Kaminska's Jewish Theatre is rehearsing a play based on David Bergelson's story, "The Flour Mill."

There are some who attach a certain degree of importance to the fact that Shostakovich has written a new cycle, "From Jewish Song," based largely on sentimental household songs. And when the Soviet authorities refused to grant Israel's request that the bones of Mendele Mocher Sforim be transferred to this country from Odessa, they did so on the ground that "the friends of Jewish culture in the U.S.S.R. were against it."

Search for Missing Writers and Missing Relatives

As for the writers who have disappeared, the poet Peretz Markish is now said to be living in Moscow, and the poet Shmuel Halkin is claimed to have been seen at liberty in Lwow — although another report has it that both are dead. The greatest surprise of all was the Soviet Ambassador's semi-official suggestion that the Jewish Labour Committee, which surely cannot be suspect of pro-Soviet leanings, send a delegation to Russia to inquire after the writers.

Many a Jew was prompt to exploit this propitious mood, and according to a UP report inquiries after friends and relatives in Russia flooded the Soviet delegation to the Summit Meeting, which set up a special department to deal with them. The inquirers were smilingly received by a Mr. Vassili Smyrnov, who took down all the data and promised that "urgent steps" would be taken to find the individuals concerned.

Rabbis' Delegation

That same month, the Soviet delegation to the U.N. issued a press release about the religious life of Soviet Jews, affirming that the Jewish religion enjoyed the same rights as all the others in the U.S.S.R. and mentioning the existence of synagogues, religious courts, rabbis, ritual slaughterers, baking inspectors — and the participation of Orthodox Jews in the World Peace Movement. It was then announced that a delegation of American rabbis would visit Moscow, whose Rabbi Schleifer (who sent warm greetings to the World Mizrahi Conference here a few months ago) was in turn going to London, and that a seminar for rabbis, which would also publish all sorts of prayer books and Jewish calendars, would shortly be opened in Moscow.

Had the rabbis and the prayer books been mobilised just to move world public opinion against German re-armament, as the Jewish Anti-Fascist Committee had been set up to win Allied friendship ten years before and was never heard of again? Some of the news from Moscow seemed to be heralding something more permanent. The Jewish Ukrainian singer, Appelbaum, was said to be attracting large audiences in Lwow, whose Jewish population is rumoured at 100,000. The Czernowitz actress, Sidi Thal, was participating in a series of programmes of "Jewish Tales and Songs" in Moscow. Other names, less well known, were entertaining the audiences of other cities, with such fare as readings from Sholom Aleichem in Yiddish. We have been told that the Moscow Jewish Theatre is being reconstituted, although so far there are no actors, no producers, and no players.

Do not all these activities contradict the earlier Soviet claim that Yiddish culture had disappeared because it died a natural death? The theorists of dialectical materialism never accounted consistency a virtue, and the Soviet authorities have taken far bigger shifts of policy than these in their stride.

The first three articles in this series appeared on November 11, 16 and 18. The concluding instalment will be published tomorrow.



Father and Children were forced by flood waters yesterday to leave their ground floor dwelling in the old commercial centre of Jerusalem. The waters can be seen swirling into the front door. The family moved into neighbours' quarters upstairs. Fire Brigade trucks were unable to reach the house to pump out the water. Photo by Hirshbein

THEATRE NOTES

French Successful Farce

Chamber Theatre presents "The Italian Straw Hat," by E. Labiche and M. Michel.

THE Chamber Theatre has assembled a formidable array of talent for its venture into musical comedy. It chose an old favourite French farce, had it translated by Nathan Alterman, set to music by Frank Pelleg, decorated by Moshe Mokadi and directed by Joseph Millo. From all appearances everyone seems to have approached his job with a good deal of gusto and had a great deal of fun in preparing the play; some of this fun is projected across the footlights.

I happen to have an allergy to French farces with their inevitable bedroom involvement, their furious action and ever-growing tempo of misunderstandings. But of all the French farces which I have seen, with the exception of "Clochemerle," I think that "The Italian Straw Hat" is the funniest. The Chamber Theatre presentation should have been more comical than it was and it is hard to put one's finger on the places where it slipped up. One of the possible reasons is that the costuming of the male guests was exaggerated. On first impact they seemed amusing, but after a time they became irritating and actually distracted one's attention from the fun of the play. Then again the furious action was interrupted to make room for old-time vaudeville cliches. Some of these might have been Labiche's own, since he had been a vaudeville writer in his early days. They might have been eliminated with advantage.

The plot is the story of a groom hurrying to meet his bride, when his horse bolts and eats the straw hat of a lady whose attention is centred on the lover she has met in the park. Things reach a pretty pass when the lady and her paramour turn up at the home of the groom and refuse to leave until the hat is replaced. The wedding guests, a group of planters from the provinces, begin to arrive together with the bride and her father. The groom rushes off in pursuit of a straw hat and the wedding party in pursuit of the groom. Some of the ensuing situations are hilarious.

Serious and Funny

Shai Ophir, whom we have recently seen doing some very beautiful and serious things in pantomime, seems to be almost equally adept as a comedian. He played the part of the groom with a nice sense of comedy and seems to grasp the importance of timing for laughs. Chanan Almtal was exceptionally good as the deaf uncle of the groom. He made the most of the old routine of the deaf man who always gives the apt answers to the questions he does not hear. Ze'ev Berlinski was amusing as the father of the bride. Nathan Cogan seemed decidedly uncomfortable as the soldier lover, but he was not alone: most of the large cast seemed equally ill at ease, with the exception of Zehava Hess, who was a pleasantly pert maid. One of the hits of the evening was the Can Can, danced with a great deal of verve.

The music made up in humour and vigour for what it lacked in originality. There were no tunes which will be whistled in the streets and sung in the cafes, but the rhythms were lively. The settings were exceptionally apt. They gave just the right touch of zaniness as a background to the proceedings. The director brought to the production a lusty buffoonery which, I am sure, will make it popular despite my reservations.

IDA B. DAVIDOWITZ

Yesterday's Press

Western Arms to Arabs Denounced

THE supply of Czech arms to Egypt, writes "Al Hamishmar" (Mapam), did not stop the consolidation of the anti-Soviet pact in the Middle East. It has only intensified the stream of Western arms to the Arabs and has encouraged Britain to advocate tearing away the southern Negev from Israel in order to give Egypt a land-bridge to the Northern Tier countries, which would be bait for Nasser to join the Baghdad Pact.

"Davar" (Histadrut) writes that Turkey has a rich political tradition and is able to distinguish between transitory and fundamental interests. We still may hope that Turkey's pact with our avowed enemies will not blind Turkish statesmen to the fact that in the long run Turkey and Israel have a joint interest in developing the region and in the desire to preserve its heterogeneity by preventing it from becoming an Arab sea.

The Jordan military authorities, writes "Ha'aretz" (non-party) have time and again expressed their opposition to infiltration, but their efforts to bridle it seem to be vain. They should not be surprised, therefore, if other forces are obliged to carry out the task. On the other hand, no one is taken in by the Cairo attempt to embroil Jordan with Israel, and it may become necessary to deliver a direct blow to the group carrying out Egyptian orders; perhaps that will convince them that their venture is not worth while.

"Lamerhav" (Ahdut Ha'avoda) severely criticises Mr. Sharett's statement to the American press, after Washington promised to consider our defence needs sympathetically, that "we have now calmed down." The paper stresses that we who are actually in the front line do not feel so calm. In speaking of a security pact with the U.S., Mr. Sharett is raking over the cold ashes of the past, since such a pact is offered only on conditions which we cannot possibly accept.

"Here and Now" writes that there is no war hysteria in this country. Even those who demand immediate military action do so only because they believe that our enemies are determined to attack us and that we must get our blow in first. There is one thing, however, that we are not prepared to do: we shall not take the road that Czechoslovakia trod in 1938.

GIVE generously to the

7th Annual HANUKA APPEAL OF THE JERUSALEM POST and HA'AD AID ASSOCIATION

KEEPING POSTED

NOBODY has really had much time to worry about the war during the past week because they have been too busy studying the economic situation and trying to discover why more pay will make us poorer, more reparations goods cause inflation, and why building programmes are curtailed because of rising unemployment. That isn't exactly how Mr. Horowitz put it? May be. It's the way everybody is repeating it at the street corners before hurrying off to do their winter shopping while the money in their pocket will still buy the sweater in the shop. In the end we shall quite likely discover that it was this buying frenzy that gave us the last little shove over the edge of the abyss.

•

LOOK at the matter of books, for instance, which normally get bought all year round. Several weeks ago the Treasury decided we were buying our murder stories too cheaply and warned that the exchange rate would go up presently. People hurriedly bought up all the murders they hadn't yet read, and a couple of big art books in case there were any bar mitzva presents to give next year. After that it was agreed that book prices wouldn't go up after all. At this point one of the large book-sellers in Tel Aviv decided it was about time he made a little money, and announced a monster sale with reductions up to 90 per cent. You thought that everyone had a book by then and nothing happened? The first morning the crowd stormed the place. The staff tried to stem the onrush but within a few minutes of opening time, at 9 a.m., the main plate glass window had been smashed, debiting the first day's trading with IL187 for a new window.

•

ONCE you got inside it was much like any other bargain basement. The minute you leafed through a book, somebody had got hold of the cover or else it just fell apart in the middle. Some of the people who found what they wanted complained that before the price was reduced by 90 per cent it must have first been jacked up by 80. Some of the books were cheap enough,



but they usually turned out to be forecasts of military developments of World War II, written in 1938. Sometimes you found the cover of the only book in the world you wanted, but the book itself had gone, trampled underfoot together with a steadily growing layer of torn pages and sections of volumes. Some people were lucky and found real bargains. Anyway 6,000 were sold the first day, and an unknown number lost, destroyed and, presumably, spirited away.

•

ONE of the first persons to get into the shop was an old lady who had copied the queue at 6.30 and waited until 9. She spoke only Yiddish and somehow received the impression that lottery tickets were being given away as a popularity stunt for the Mayor of Tel Aviv because of the floods. How could she know that people would waste hours waiting around for books, when you could buy them at any stall?

•

ANOTHER thing that has kept war talk out of the Negev where it might expect some prominence, is the hit-and-run locust invasion. Normally, locusts come in huge swarms, advancing slowly and destroying everything as they go. These scorched earth tactics prevent them from returning and when efficient obstacles are placed in their way most of them are finally killed and a few escape to eke out a private existence in somebody's backyard. But these locusts, says Beersheba, must be Egyptian. They sneak in and out, like Fedayeen, not doing as much damage as is feared beforehand, getting caught and pushed back, and preventing reasonable people from getting their work done or being able to sleep in peace afterwards. In one short-handed *kibbutz* they say that anyway the locusts are better pioneers than the Tel Avivians, because however often you chase them out of the Negev they always come back and settle down again.

•

OUR Nahariya correspondent reports that a young customer went to one of the shops and asked for needles. "My mother's got a birthday today, she's 44. That's pretty old, isn't it?"



he said confidingly, took his needles and went off. Next day the mother came in to change the needles and asked for ones with larger eyes. Mindful of the conversation, the careful shopkeeper asked to be pardoned if he gave advice unbidden, but perhaps she should just get herself glasses instead of thicker needles?

Today's contributors include: G. Axelrod, Tel Aviv and R. Cruba, Naharlya.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
CHANCERY DIVISION — No. 00324 of 1955.

IN THE MATTER of

Otzar Hityashvuth Hayehudim Jewish Colonial Trust Limited

and

IN THE MATTER of THE COMPANIES ACT, 1948.

NOTICE IS HEREBY given that a Petition was on the 25th day of October, 1955 presented to Her Majesty's High Court of Justice for the confirmation of the Reduction of the Capital of the above named Company from £2,000,000 to £1,654,253.7.6 by returning Capital which is in excess of the wants of the Company.

AND NOTICE IS FURTHER given that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the Honourable Mr. Justice Vaisey at The Royal Courts of Justice, Strand, London on Monday the 5th December, 1955.

Any Creditor or Shareholder of the said Company desiring to oppose the making of an Order for the confirmation of the said Reduction of Capital should appear at the time of hearing in person or by Counsel for that purpose.

A copy of the said Petition will be furnished to any such person requiring the same by the undersigned on payment of the regulated charge for same.

DATED this 16th day of November, 1955.

LINKLATERS & PAINES
Austin Friars House,
9 Austin Friars,
London, E.C.2, England.
Solicitors for the Company.

Defence Service Ordinance, 1949

ORDER TO REPORT FOR REGISTRATION EXAMINATIONS AND REGULAR SERVICE

By virtue of the power vested in me in accordance with paras. 4(d) and 5(f) of the Defence Law, 1949 I, I hereby order as follows:

Interpretation: 1. In this Order, "eligible for service" means a man permanently residing under the jurisdiction of the State of Israel, and who was born between April 3, 1938 and September 30, 1939, both dates inclusive.

Reporting for examination to determine Health Category for Defence Service: 2. Every person eligible for service is hereby ordered to report for registration and medical and other examinations in order to determine his category for defence service, at one of the places listed in Table A, between the hours 8 a.m. and 13 noon on the day listed in Table B opposite the first letter of his surname.

Title: 3. This Order will be called 'Order for Defence Service (Call-up for Registration, Examinations and Regular Service, 1955.'

TABLE A.

1. Jerusalem	Recruiting Office, Derekh Bethlehem, Rehov Ramat Hanadiv.
2. Tel Aviv-Jaffa	Recruiting Office, 7 Rehov Jarabish, Jaffa.
3. Haifa	Recruiting Office, 35 Rehov T.T. Peretz.
4. Petah Tikva	Recruiting Office, Shikun Bnei, Peja.
5. Tiberias	Recruiting Office, Nazareth St., opp. Municipality.
6. Beersheba	Recruiting Office, Main Road.

TABLE B.

Aleph	Sunday, Monday or Tuesday	Nov. 27, 28, 29
Bet	Wednesday or Thursday	Nov. 30, Dec. 1
Gimel	Sunday or Monday	Dec. 4, 5
Dalet	Tuesday or Wednesday	Dec. 6, 7
Heh	Thursday	Dec. 8
Vav	Sunday	Dec. 11
Zayin	Monday	Dec. 12
Het	Tuesday	Dec. 13
Tet-Tsadi	Wednesday or Thursday	Dec. 14, 15
Kaf-Lamed	Sunday or Monday	Dec. 18, 19
Mem	Tuesday or Wednesday	Dec. 20, 21
Nun	Thursday	Dec. 22
Samekh	Sunday or Monday	Dec. 25, 26
Ayin-Peh	Tuesday or Wednesday	Dec. 27, 28
Kadik	Thursday	Dec. 29
Kuf	Sunday	Jan. 1
Resh	Monday	Jan. 2
Shin	Tuesday	Jan. 3
Tav	Wednesday	Jan. 4

Aharon Niv
Recruiting Officer

October 30, 1955

1. Sefer Hahukim No. 1949, page 271; Sefer Hahukim No. 1955, Page 242.

Readers' Letters

CRICKET

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In reply to the letter in your issue of November 17 about "Cricket," naturally we ourselves were more than worried about the lateness of the tour, which was originally planned for early October. However, owing to reasons beyond our control, partly the altered air schedules from S. Africa, we had the alternative either of carrying out the tour as announced until December 3 or of calling it off altogether. In collaboration with the E.A. Maccabi we decided not to risk losing all the enthusiasm which had been aroused in the Union by postponing it until next year, and so we have gone ahead with it now.

Our future tours will certainly be arranged for a more reliable climatic season.

Yours etc.,
B. E. COHEN,
Chairman, Israel Cricket Association
Tel Litvinsky, November 19.

Steimatzky's Column

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